THE DAILY GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

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Proprietors,

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Leading Republican Paper of Western Pennsylvania.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF PITTSBURGH AND ALLEGHENY CITY.

LARGEST, CHEAPEST and BEST FAMILY and COMMERCIAL PAPER in the State.

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PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

THE CASH RECEIPTS for Advertising, of the GAZETTE, have been in advance of each and every contemporary in the city, since the incoming of the present Proprietors. We challenge denial from any of our neighbors, believing that figures won't lie.

WITH MUCH SENSE and sound judgment the *Commercial* has not accepted the challenge of denial courted by the above, but the *Dispatch*, so accustomed of late "to deny everything and call for proof," accepts the issue. It goes so far in its brazen effrontery as to produce a carefully arranged table of figures by which it hopes to blind its readers into the belief that it alone enjoys unequaled prosperity. The trick is cunning, but "figures won't lie," even if they are given birth in the tainted atmosphere of the *Dispatch* office. The table goes back to a quarter anterior to the first full one made by the GAZETTE proprietors; to a period when this journal was conducted by a Stock Company. Our first *return from our own business* was made for the quarter ending September 30th, 1866. Here are the figures from that time, which show the GAZETTE to have been largely in advance of each and every contemporary:

Quarter ending September 30th, 1866:	
Gazette	$15,015
Dispatch	14,132
Quarter ending December 31st, 1866:	
Dispatch	$17,990
Gazette	17,989
Two-third quarter ending March 1st, 1867:	
Gazette	$12,486
Dispatch	12,051
Total Gazette for the eight months ending March 1st, 1867, and the only returns of the present proprietors	$45,490
Dispatch for same period	44,163
Balance in favor of Gazette	$1,327

Inside of those eight months we elevated the GAZETTE from the lowest in the financial scale to the highest, and to-day enjoy a much larger share of business patronage than any one of our contemporaries, not excepting the *Dispatch*, as a glance at our advertising columns will sufficiently attest. Having shown our patronage to be greater than that of the *Commercial* or *Dispatch*, we now rest the controversy. Any person still doubtful on the subject may obtain all the necessary figures from Hon. H. A. Weaver, at the United States Assessor's office, as our space is much too valuable to keep them standing.

NEARLY TWO THOUSAND IMMIGRANTS a day arrive at New York. In the main they are not mechanics or manufacturers, but farmers or common laborers. By far the greater part of them push on with little delay to the Great West, where they find places to settle and go to work. At once they become consumers of commodities which are fabricated here. They plow and sow seed, or else find employment in building railroads. Each one adds, by so much as his capacities may be rated at, to the wealth and strength of the Republic.

Cavils are sometimes uttered at the incoming of the least desirable class of immigrants—that class which has the lowest mental development. Yet even these, it seems to us, have performed services of immense value, which could hardly have been accomplished without them. The humble toilers are they who lay the foundations of empire. Afterwards, or simultaneously, the men of greater skill rear the superstructure, and embellish it with all the ornaments of the ripest arts.

SOME WEEKS AGO MR. JAMES MCHENRY and others made a public statement respecting the management of the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad Company. At a meeting of the stockholders, in London, this statement was considered and a meeting called at Meadville. At that meeting a Committee of five was appointed, of which MR. JOHN DICK, of Meadville, was Chairman, to examine and report upon MR. MCHENRY's charges. The result has been a report which disposes of most, if not all of those charges in a thorough manner.

ONE OF the most startling reversions of popular judgment is that just now transpiring in France in respect to Voltaire. For many years his reputation rested under a crushing load of accusation and reproach. Now, his statue is to be erected in the heart of Paris, as a benefactor of his nation and race. The chief sensation of the French metropolis centers in this enterprise, though half the monarchs of Europe have been there on exhibition, and one of them was near being assassinated.

THE President evidently attributes the refusal of certain cities to withhold from him public welcomes, to a belief that he cannot appreciate such honors. To guard against any future mistakes of the sort, he has given out in New York that he "thinks he knows how to appreciate welcomes."

THE crops in Georgia and the Carolinas, which promised so well, have been greatly damaged by incessant rain storms. This unfavorable news caused the price of flour to rally some in the Eastern markets. The crop reports from all other sections continue very favorable.

IT is thought that Archbishop Spaulding, of Baltimore, will be honored with a Cardinal's hat while in Rome, on the occasion of the eighteen hundredth anniversary of the martyrdom of St. Peter. If so honored he will be the first Cardinal in America.

THE rumor reaches the New York *Herald* that Secretary Stanton intends to resign his position as member of the Cabinet. The announcement of his resignation under existing circumstances would not prove surprising.

THE mania for prize fighting seems again to have assailed the "roughs" and "plug uglies" of society. An exhibition of this character took place in Philadelphia on Sunday. The principals escaped arrest.

THE Union Pacific Railway excursionists are seeing more of the grand West than they may relish. One of their number has been wounded in an encounter with the Indians.

THE announcement is made that the relations existing between Napoleon and the King of Prussia are not of the most cordial nature. Such has been the fact for some time.

CRAWFORD COUNTY primary election returns show a majority of several hundred for Morrow B. Lowry for Senator. Erie will vote square against him, it is thought.

IT is announced that the Union Pacific Railroad is now open to Julesburg, three hundred and seventy-six miles west of Omaha.

THE Birmingham, England, riots have ended, and all is reported quiet there.

NOTHING important or new was educed at the Surratt trial on Saturday.

Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1786

VOLUME LXXXII.---NO. 143. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY, JUNE 24, 1867. PRICE THREE CENTS.

IT IS WELL UNDERSTOOD that the Cretans have been powerfully reinforced, from time to time, both from the mainland and islands. It can hardly be doubted that Russia has largely contributed means to the insurgents to keep the field. On no other assumption can their recent success be explained. The Turks have had military force enough in Crete to crush out all the actual inhabitants, provided they had been left to struggle alone.

This contest in Crete has been thus fomented in order to draw the Eastern question to a head. Whether or not it will have that result will depend largely on the obstinacy of the Sultan and the urgency of the great powers of Europe in preventing the designs of Russia. The Sultan may be willing enough to avoid the prosecution of the war by acknowledging the independence of the island, but he knows, and so do his subjects, Mahometan and Christian, that the trouble there is only an incident of the main question. If the final issue is likely to come up for arbitrament he and his faithful Moslems may better face the inevitable without making concessions, as to make them and then find their compliances unavailing.

IT IS ALREADY CERTAIN that Congress will re-assemble in July. The President has endeavored to prevent this by giving out that he would convoke the Houses a month later. No intimations or positive assurances from him on that subject can have any weight, because nobody puts any confidence in them. He does not want Congress should come together. That is about the last thing he does want. But Congress has a duty laid on it, which it cannot escape from if it would. Fortunately, it has no disposition to evade any just responsibility. In the present attitude of public sentiment, it may well be anticipated that when Congress shall be assembled, it will do its work quickly and with the plainness demanded by the situation.

FROM WILLIAMSPORT.

Williamsport—Its Location, Improvements and Surroundings—New Court House—United States Court—Jurors from Allegheny County and Contiguous Counties—Judge Mellvaine—Sorrow and Grief—Re-union of Pittsburghers—Marshal Rowley and District Attorney Carnahan—Republican State Convention—Dickinson Seminary, etc.

[Special Correspondence Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WILLIAMSPORT, June 21, 1867.

But very few of the denizens of your great manufacturing community are aware of picturesque beauty of this valley. Its pure bracing air, infuses new life into visitors. The beauties of nature, in the wildest form as well as by cultivation, may be enjoyed to the fullest extent. Fishing grounds of of the most inviting character and accessible without much trouble. This beautiful city of twenty thousand inhabitants—no longer the insignificant town, with its antiquated buildings in existence in former years—is located on a level plateau of ground, of considerable length and fine breadth. The beautiful West Branch of the Susquehanna river, ripples along one side of this long level, while the other is fringed with rising ground, almost swelling into the proportions of hills.

Within a few years this place has grown up with wonderful rapidity, so much so, that it is difficult to find the old land marks, so marked and prominent a decade of years ago. The improvements are of the most substantial order. Old buildings have been moralized in keeping with the new ones of the most approved caste. Much of the development arises from the network of railroads in conjunction with Lumber, East, West and North, and even with the South, viz Baltimore. Always a grand centre for lumber operations, and contiguous to the vast anthracite coal bed, the opening of these lines in connection with river and canal communication, trade has enlarged into magnificent proportions, so that its commercial power is greatly augmented.

With the opening of railway connection, and following the magic power of this great leveler, the West End of this plain has suddenly been changed from a "wilderness waste," into a sort of "Eden," by the erection of palatial residences, with surroundings of the most charming character. Near the extreme point of the West End extension, is the railroad depot for the different companies, whereon elegant hotel of immense proportions, larger than any in Pittsburgh, is located in a plot of ground of two or three acres. It was built mainly by Mr. Herdic, an extensive lumber merchant, and is called the "Herdic House." It cost about two hundred thousand dollars. The house is well furnished, and conducted in good style, with a table quite equal to most first class houses. Recently a horse car railway has gone into operation, which renders the distance to the heart of the city but a few minutes ride.

The new Court House erected about five years ago, is one of the finest in the State; indeed it is claimed to be the best. It is an elegant imposing structure of brick, with cut stone ornaments. The style of architecture is of the most improved character, and the building outside and inside is of the latest modern finish for such edifices.

The U. S. Circuit and District Court has been in session for several days. Judge Grier is in feeble health, and has been on the bench but little. Judge McCandless, his Associate, is presiding in his usual graceful manner. The latter gentleman possesses great suavity of address, and though occupying a high place, he is nevertheless sentiemanly and frank with all who have intercourse with him. Since the time the Judge has been appointed the duties have been steadily increasing, involving much mental and physical labor. Congress so well appreciated his valuable services by largely increasing his salary at its late session. His son, MR. S. C. MCCandless, Clerk of the District Court, is quite a favorite here. Hepburn McClure, Esq., is the gentiemanly Clerk at this point of the District.

The Grand and Traverse Jury is well represented from Allegheny county. We note the names as far as we can learn: Hon. J. P. Sterrett, G. W. Rodgers, S. McKelvy, J. M. Brush, J. McClarran, W. D. McCallum, D. Fitzsimons, S. B. Ross, A. Kerr, J. O'Connor, W. Humphreys, W. H. Murray, W. F. Robb, W. J. Moorhead, I. N. Coursin, E. A. Colville, R. C. G. Sproull, Hall Patterson, W. R. Hall, W. H. Moore, W. N. Patterson, J. N. McClowry, J. D. Duncan, of Pittsburgh; A. S. Bell, and your correspondent, of Allegheny city, J. Fawcett, W. Gribben, D. McCutcheon, of Birmingham; D. Holmes, H. B. Foster, of Lawrenceville; Hon. T. J. Bigham, of Mt. Washington; Samuel Kelley, Esq., formerly of Lawrenceville, is also on the jury. Hon. S. A. Purviance, and J. Knox, Esq., are also here. Several of the jurors are accompanied by their wives, among whom we note; MRS. C. W. Robb and MRS. Captain W. J. Moorhead. MISS McCandless, daughter of the Judge, is among the lady visitors. Among the jurors from adjoining counties we observe Hon. W. A. Wallace, Hon. W. Hopkins and T. R. Hazzard, Esqs., of Washington county; Hon. A. W. Taylor, of Beaver; Hon. A. R. McLanahan, of Lawrence; Jno. V. Painter, Grier C. Orr, of Armstrong; R. P. Crawford, of Westmoreland; John M. Thompson, and Dr. A. W. Crawford, of Butler.

R. B. Carnahan, Esq., United States District Attorney, is of course here representing the Government in the prosecution. His large experience and ability entitle him to fill the difficult position of Attorney with energy and signal ability. Being a man of correct habits and of moral deportment, he exerts much influence. MR. Carnahan, his estimable lady, accompanies him.

Last evening a delightful reunion of Pittsburghers, and a few others, took place at the hospitable mansion of Henry sproul, Esq., the well known and for many years, Clerk of the United States Circuit Court, of Western Pennsylvania, who has recently moved from Allegheny City to this place. He lives in an elegant structure, just on the skirts of the city, on an elevation which commands the valley for a considerable distance around. The Grand Jury had spent in social chit-chat, the folding doors of the dining room suddenly opened, revealing a table of ample dimensions, groaning with sumptuous fare, ice cream, strawberries, and other rich things, too numerous to mention.

Dickinson Seminary is located here, just at the rim of the city, on a commanding elevation, in a campus of five acres. The Commencement Exercises took place yesterday. During the year, over three hundred students, of both sexes, have been in attendance. The Institution is presided over by Rev. Dr. Mitchell, a brother-in-law of John Moorhead, Esq., a merchant of your city.

The approaching Union Republican State Convention, to be held here next week, is causing quite a buzz among politicians and members of the Bar generally. Much speculation, of course, is going on [illegible] who will likely be nominated. Williams has many warm friends, and ones who will use great efforts to secure his nomination.

It is worthy of mention, that the corps of jurors in attendance are with few exceptions men of good character and intelligence rarely to be found in so large a body. Much credit is due to General Rowley, the United States Marshal, for using his office discreetly. The General is admirably adapted to the position, and his correct deportment and good business qualifications eminently fit him for the discharge of his duties. Then the General's services during the late war have not been overlooked, which entitles him to the consideration the Government had invested him with.

Your correspondent is indebted for many courtesies from Messrs. George Murray and H. Strudevant, in the office of the Herdic House, who are justly popular.

FROM NASHVILLE.

Fire at the Penitentiary—The Work Shops Destroyed—Loss $50,000.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NASHVILLE, June 21.—A fire occurred at eight o'clock this evening at the Penitentiary, destroying the work shops on the east side. There was in them a large quantity of cabinet work, cedar ware, agricultural implements, machinery stock, &c., all of which was burnt. It is not known how the fire originated, though it commenced in the engine room. The loss is estimated at $50,000, the greater portion of which falls on the lessees—insurance $25,000.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

RECONSTRUCTION TROUBLE.

Secretary Stanton to Resign.

GEN. SHERIDAN REFUSES TO EXTEND THE TIME FOR REGISTRATION.

Gen. Sickles' Reconstruction Funds Exhausted,

OUTRAGE UPON A UNION MAN.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, June 22.—The *Herald*'s special says it is asserted in Washington, that Secretary Stanton intends to resign.

General Sheridan has telegraphed to General Grant, declining to extend the time for registration in Louisiana, in compliance with the President's conditional instructions, on the ground that registration has been completed, and he did not feel like keeping up expensive boards to suit new issues coming in at the eleventh hour. He characterizes the Attorney General's opinion as opening the broad road for perjury and fraud to the ignorant, and inimical to the President's bitter antagonism to the reconstruction law. If after this report the time is to be extended, he desires to be relieved, and would do it at once, but the President's telegram was conditional.

General Sickles has written to Senator Wilson that the appropriation for the expense of reconstruction is entirely inadequate, and the funds devoted to his efforts already absorbed. The Navy and Treasury Departments have declined to assist him with funds. The full sum appropriated was half a million, and it is required for the Carolinas alone.

Captain D. H. Bingham, of Alabama, a staunch Unionist, threw up the sponge, and been dragged from his bed at night, gagged, taken to the woods and beaten by a number of ex-rebels.

THE PRESIDENTIAL TRIP.

Departure of the President from New York—His Reception at Connecticut and Massachusetts—Arrival of the Party to Boston.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, June 22.—The President and suite left here at eight o'clock this morning, General Gordon Granger, Collector Smythe, the Boston Committee, and others had joined the party. The President, in reply to an address presented by a Committee of the Constitutional Convention, last evening, said: Gentlemen, I return you my sincere thanks for your kind reception, and I know how to appreciate a welcome of this kind from my fellow citizens, and I would be doing injustice to myself to say that I could be indifferent to the cordial reception given me on this occasion. Accepting the mission to myself, I will say to you further that in my past conduct, both in my acts and measures, I have reciprocated and answered to every principle you have put forth.

Mr. Seward—"That is the true way to do it."

The President continued—And this makes it unnecessary, it seems to me, to assent further to your request than by saying that my past conduct shows that I seek no favor in the thing. It would seem that, through my whole life, I have made it an object to pursue these principles and to adhere to them, and in so doing I could not do wrong.

STAMFORD, June 22, 4:30 P. M.—At this point the various parties came on board the President, and here a large crowd assembled. Much enthusiasm prevailed.

NORWALK, CONN. June 22.—Cheers for the President and Secretary Seward.

BRIDGEPORT, June 22, 10:45 A. M.—The President, standing on the platform, received the cheers of the people. A salute was fired.

NEW HAVEN, June 22, 11:45 A. M.—The President appeared on the platform and was cheered by the crowd.

MERIDAN, CONN., June 22, 12:30 P. M.—The crowd cheered the President as the cars passed.

HARTFORD, June 22, 1 P. M.—Demonstrations similar to New Haven. The Mayor of Springfield, on behalf of the Reception Committee of the latter city, got on board.

SPRINGFIELD, June 22, 2 P. M.—The party arrived and were received by a salute of one hundred guns. Dinner partaken of, the train proceeded.

BOSTON, June 22.—As the Presidential train passed Springfield armory, a salute was fired from one hundred cannon. Worcester and all places on the route, crowds gathered around the State car and cheered the President, who shook hands with many citizens.

The train arrived at Longwood station, three miles from Brookline, at four o'clock. The party was received by the military escort and delegations of the city authorities. Salutes were fired, and the immense throng of persons assembled cheered repeatedly.

The party were conducted in carriages and driven through Brookline, Roxbury, and entered the city on the Roxbury road, amid the cheers of the residents. Three regiments of infantry and a battery of cavalry, and a battalion of United States Marines, were in line waiting to receive the President. The streets and windows were densely packed with people, and from there was waving of handkerchiefs from windows, and welcomes, and occasional cheering as the President passed up Washington street.

At the line dividing Roxbury from Boston, the President was met by Mayor Lincoln, seated in a barouche drawn by six horses. The Mayor extended to the President a cordial welcome in behalf of the municipal authorities, for which honor the latter returned thanks, and accepted the hospitality so generously tendered. The President was then invited to take a seat with the Mayor, which he did, while the band played "Hail to the Chief," many of the bands present also cheering. The military formed in column, and the procession moved up Washington street, thence down Boylston, across Beacon and Tremont streets, and next to the Tremont House. All along the route the streets were thronged with thousands of persons. The President entered the Tremont House while the band played "Hail to the Chief," "Star Spangled Banner," and "Yankee Doodle." The party were conducted to a parlor, and the Mayor and other prominent citizens had their reception to the President and Secretary Seward.

BOSTON, June 22.—The President was serenaded to-night, and made a few brief remarks in response to the calls of the assemblage. In the course of his remarks he said: "Gentlemen, I announce that in twenty, thirty, or forty years there shall not be an unlawful resistance by an armed force, against the President and the laws of the United States, but you and I will give you the contract of the American continent and control of the world." Both the President and Mr. Seward were vociferously applauded.

BOSTON, June 23.—The President and party this morning, accompanied by a committee of the municipal authorities, visited the State School Ship, having been conveyed thither from the wharf in a tug. Other gentlemen and a number of ladies reached the vessel in a similar way. The boys were ranged at their decks in the lower cabin. The President was escorted to the head of the room, in company with Postmaster-General Randall, Representative Hooker, General Banks, Governor Andrews, Judge Olin, of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, and Collector of Customs Russell. Religious services were conducted according to the Episcopal form, and an hymn composed for the occasion by one of the hundred of them—sang religious songs. Ex-Gov. Banks, one of the founders of the reformatory institution of this nautical system, was called upon to address the youths before him. His remarks were of a congratulatory character, full of earnest encouragement and advice as to their present and future conduct.

Judge Hooker, Postmaster General Randall, and others, also addressed the boys.

Madame Parepa, who was present by invitation, sang a song, "Ave Maria." Several hours were passed on board the ship, and the party returned to the hotel at half-past one.

BOSTON, June 23.—Numerous Commanders of Knights Templar have arrived to take part in the Templar dedication ceremonies to-morrow. Several special trains will arrive to-night and early to-morrow morning, with lodges and other sections of the brotherhood. A beautiful and imposing demonstration may be anticipated.

FROM THE PLAINS.

The Union Pacific Railroad Excursionists—Buffalo Hunts—Plenty of Game Found—Two of the Excursionists in a Fight with Indians.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TOPEKA, Kan., June 22.—John D. Perry, President of the Union Pacific Railway, arrived here to-day in advance of the excursionists, who accompanied him to Fort Wallace.

General Hancock has gone on to Denver, in consequence of the Indian troubles.

The excursionists left Fort Hancock last Tuesday, with a strong escort under Gen. Morrison, and will reach Fort Harker to-morrow. They will then go to Fort Wallace, where they will wheel.

The Grand and Traverse Jury is well represented from Allegheny county. We note the names as far as we can learn: Hon. J. P. Sterrett, G. W. Rodgers, S. McKelvy, J. M. Brush, J. McClarran, W. D. McCallum, D. Fitzsimons, S. B. Ross, A. Kerr, J. O'Connor, W. Humphreys, W. H. Murray, W. F. Robb, W. J. Moorhead, I. N. Coursin, E. A. Colville, R. C. G. Sproull, Hall Patterson, W. R. Hall, W. H. Moore, W. N. Patterson, J. N. McClowry, J. D. Duncan, of Pittsburgh; A. S. Bell, and your correspondent, of Allegheny city, J. Fawcett, W. Gribben, D. McCutcheon, of Birmingham; D. Holmes, H. B. Foster, of Lawrenceville; Hon. T. J. Bigham, of Mt. Washington; Samuel Kelley, Esq., formerly of Lawrenceville, is also on the jury. Hon. S. A. Purviance, and J. Knox, Esq., are also here. Several of the jurors are accompanied by their wives, among whom we note; MRS. C. W. Robb and MRS. Captain W. J. Moorhead. MISS McCandless, daughter of the Judge, is among the lady visitors. Among the jurors from adjoining counties we observe Hon. W. A. Wallace, Hon. W. Hopkins and T. R. Hazzard, Esq., of Washington county; Hon. A. W. Taylor, of Beaver; Hon. A. R. McLanahan, of Lawrence; Jno. V. Painter, Grier C. Orr, of Armstrong; R. P. Crawford, of Westmoreland; John M. Thompson, and Dr. A. W. Crawford, of Butler.

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CONDENSED NEWS.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

From New Orleans a special to New York states that General Beauregard, in conjunction with the First National Bank ring in New Orleans, and a few of his personal friends, has been attempting a little game of sharp practice on the Government which has fortunately failed, owing to the vigilance of the officers of the Treasury Department. Among the assets transferred to the Government to secure it against loss from the May-Whitaker Sub-Treasury defalcation, was the New Orleans and Carrolton Railroad, of which May held a large amount of stock, and which is now under the superintendeance of Beauregard. His friends offered $240,000 to the Government for it, but as it was valued at $400,000 the bid was refused. In the meantime the Creole General wrote to the Department, repeatedly, depreciating the value of the road, and stating that the bid was too high. Fortunately a special agent in New Orleans saw through the game and blocked it.

—General Mower, Freedmen's Bureau, Commissioner in Louisiana, has ordered the civil authorities having in many instances failed to arrest parties who have committed outrages on the persons of freedmen, all Sub-Commissioners and Assistant Commissioners of this Bureau in this district, are hereby ordered to arrest all such offenders, in all cases, where the civil authorities have neglected to perform their duty, and will call upon the nearest military commander for troops to enforce the proper delivery of such. In cases of murder, the names of murderers and names and affidavits of witnesses, will be immediately forwarded to headquarters.

—The President has requested General Sheridan by telegraph to extend the time for registration in Louisiana to the 1st of August. General Sheridan proposes to close it on the 10th of July. Sixty-nine thousand black and white voters have been registered in the State at the latest advices. The total number of voters registered in Louisiana, up to the 10th instant, the latest date received here, was 69,111, of which 44,779 are colored and 24,525 are white. This number largely exceeds the vote polled in that State at the Presidential election in 1860.

—The Cincinnati Express, from Cleveland Saturday morning, collided with a two horse wagon near Gallion Station, killing William Sipes and wife, and severely injuring three children. The horses were also killed. Mr. Sipes expected to cross the track before the train reached the crossing.

—At Chicago, on Friday night last, a fire at the corner of Lake and Clinton streets, destroyed nine buildings and injured twenty others, causing a loss of about one hundred thousand dollars. A woman named Kinner was burned to death in endeavoring to save the lives of others.

FROM WASHINGTON,

Letter of General Sickles Asking to be Relieved—Orders to Distant Commanders Countermanded.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, June 22, 1867.

GENERAL SICKLES' LETTER ASKING TO BE RELIEVED.

CHARLESTON, June 19.

To the Adjutant General of the Army, Washington: I have the honor to request that I may be relieved from the command in this military district. I respectfully demand a Court of Inquiry upon my official actions, that I may vindicate myself from the accusations of the Attorney General, published, it is presumed, with the approval of the President. Congress having declared these so-called State governments illegal, the declaration of the Attorney General that military authority has not superceded them, prevents the exercise of that necessary function of the law, and leaves the means to protect the life, property or rights of citizens, and menaces all with ruin.

D. E. SICKLES,
Maj. Gen. Commanding.

RECONSTRUCTION CONSTRUED.

Instructions have been issued by the President, through the Adjutant General's office, to commanders of military districts under the reconstruction act, for carrying into effect the Attorney General's interpretation thereof, as given in the nineteen points already published.

TREASURY AS A DEPOSITORY.

The Merchants National Bank of Memphis has, on its own application, ceased to be a depository of public moneys and financial agent of the United States.

SURVEYING CONTRACT.

The Surveyor General of Dakotah has transmitted to the General Land Office, for approval, a contract with John Evans, Esq., for the survey of public lands of Red River adjoining the Pembina settlement and the British boundary.

FROM THE SOUTH.

Heavy Rains—Damage to Crops—Farmers Depressed—Registration.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WILMINGTON, N. C., June 22.—Heavy rains continue almost without interruption. The streets are flooded, and the lowlands are inundated, causing much damage to the crops. Heavy freshets take place in the rivers, and large portions of the lowlands overflow.

Another correspondent writes that the heavy and continued rains during the week will seriously injure the wheat and other crops. This has been general throughout Georgia and the Carolinas.

The number of registered voters in four precincts in the cukakirtz of the city of Petersburg, Virginia, is colored and one hundred and sixty-three whites. Registration in this city commences on Monday next.

CHARLESTON, June 22.—Planters feel incessant heavy rains during the last five days, materially injuring the cotton crop along the seaboard.

MOBILE, June 22.—The registration taken in the First and Fourth wards this week, stands: Whites, 2,400; colored, 3,000.

SAVANNAH, June 25.—Reports from the country state the crops were badly damaged by the late gale.

A Queer Affair.

A St. Louis paper says: The baby mentioned yesterday as having been found in a basket in front of Mr. Banker's house, on Gay street, was the innocent cause of a serious wrong being done to a young lady. Said young lady had purchased a nice basket from Warne Carver's to go to a picnic, and attached a card with her name on it to the basket to prevent losing it. Returning from the picnic in the evening, she went into an ice cream saloon, and set the basket near by. While she was thus partaking of the cream her basket was stolen, the baby was put into it and left at Mr. Banker's, and when the name of the young lady was seen on the basket, it was naturally inferred she had something to do with the foundling. This is the explanation given by the friends of the young lady, and we are bound to receive it as true.

The papers are getting up evidence to show that Hendershott, who drummed himself into the affections of a silly girl and ran away with her the other day, is a humbug. A sensation correspondent of the *New York Tribune*, it will be remembered, started the story that a drummer boy of a Michigan regiment was one of the first persons over the river at the "crossing of the Rappahannock," having clung to the side of the vessel and swam the stream. General Henry Baxter and C. A. Nimocks, hospital steward of the regiment in question, assert that there was no "drummer boy" of that name or description around there when the Rappahannock was crossed.

The artesian well at the St. Louis Insane Asylum has now reached a depth of 2958 feet, and salt water of a fine flavor issues from it. The calculation is that at the depth of 3000 feet pure drinking water will be found. Oil has been struck several times in sinking the well, but as it was not intended for an oil well, this was not all well, and set the borings to improvement at the centre of gravity. It will be the deepest well on the continent, if not the greatest bore in the world.

—J. A. Da Rocha, F. Dubois, J. G. Becker and H. S. Davies, partners in a fancy dry goods store in New Orleans, have arrested a few days ago, charged with setting fire to the premises, for the purpose of defrauding the underwriters. They were betrayed by a clerk. When the officers entered the building, they found boxes and paper, saturated with coal oil, piled up behind the counter, with a can of oil in the midst, to which was attached a burning slow-match.

—One of the most intimate friends that Queen Victoria has ever had, was a Yankee woman, the daughter of Mr. Peabody, of Boston, the American partner of Barings, the bankers. It was directly to her influence that the kindly feelings of the Queen toward the United States Government are to be traced. She invited once that in twenty, thirty, or forty years there shall not be an unlawful resistance by an armed force, against the President and the laws of the United States, and I will give you the contract of the American continent and control of the world." Both the President and Mr. Seward were vociferously applauded.

BOSTON, June 23.—The President and party this morning, accompanied by a committee of the municipal authorities, visited the State School Ship, having been conveyed thither from the wharf in a tug. Other gentlemen and a number of ladies reached the vessel in a similar way. The boys were ranged at their decks in the lower cabin. The President was escorted to the head of the room, in company with Postmaster-General Randall, Representative Hooker, General Banks, Governor Andrews, Judge Olin, of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, and Collector of Customs Russell. Religious services were conducted according to the Episcopal form, and an hymn composed for the occasion by one of the hundred of them—sang religious songs. Ex-Gov. Banks, one of the founders of the reformatory institution of this nautical school system, was called upon to address the youths before him. His remarks were of a congratulatory character, full of earnest encouragement and advice as to their present and future conduct.

Judge Hooker, Postmaster General Randall, and others, also addressed the boys.

Madame Parepa, who was present by invitation, sang a song, "Ave Maria." Several hours were passed on board the ship, and the party returned to the hotel at half-past one.

BOSTON, June 23.—Numerous Commanders of Knights Templar have arrived to take part in the to-night Templar dedication ceremonies to-morrow. Several special trains will arrive to-night and early to-morrow morning, with lodges and other sections of the brotherhood. A beautiful and imposing demonstration may be anticipated.

FROM THE PLAINS.

The Union Pacific Railroad Excursionists—Buffalo Hunts—Plenty of Game Found—Two of the Excursionists in a Fight with Indians.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TOPEKA, Kan., June 22.—John D. Perry, President of the Union Pacific Railway, arrived here to-day in advance of the excursionists, who accompanied him to Fort Wallace.

General Hancock has gone on to Denver, in consequence of the Indian troubles.

The excursionists left Fort Hancock last Tuesday, with a strong escort under Gen. Morrison, and will reach Fort Harker to-morrow. They will then go to Fort Wallace, where they will wheel.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

IMPORTANT FROM EUROPE.

The Birmingham Riot.

STRONG POLICE FORCE ON DUTY.

Further Trouble Expected.

QUEEN AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE.

Relations Between Napoleon and Prussia.

THE PORTE GONE TO PARIS.

Turkey and the Great Powers.

PROPOSITION FOR A COMMISSION ACCEDED TO.

Financial and Commercial

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

THE REPAIRED CABLE.

HEARTS CONTENT, June 22.—The repaired cable continues to work perfectly, and may be considered as reliable as though no damage had occurred. It was found to be absolutely crushed, notwithstanding its heavy iron armor, for the length of one hundred and twenty feet.

ENGLAND.

CONTINUED QUIET IN BIRMINGHAM—STRONG POLICE FORCE ON DUTY.

BIRMINGHAM, June 21.—The lull which succeeded the riot of last Tuesday continues. The city police is still armed with cutlasses. Five hundred special constables have been sworn in, but of these two hundred have been discharged.

THE QUEEN HOLDS COURT.

LONDON, June 21.—Queen Victoria held Court in the drawing room of Buckingham Palace to-day.

NAPOLEON AND PRUSSIA—RELATIONS NOT CORDIAL.

LONDON, June 21.—*Evening.*—Advices from the Continent represent the feeling prevalent in Paris and Berlin that the relations between the Emperor Napoleon and King of Prussia are not cordial.

PRUSSIA.

NORTH GERMAN CONSTITUTION.

BERLIN, June 22.—*Evening*—The Constitution of the North German Confederation, having been ratified by all the States composing that body, will be officially promulgated Tuesday next.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 22.—The Sultan has left for Paris.

THE SULTAN ACCEPTS THE PROPOSITION OF THE GREAT POWERS.

LONDON, June 22.—*Evening.*—The dispatch, which reached here to-day from Constantinople, asserts that the Sultan has acceded to the proposition of the European powers for a Joint Commission to inquire into the grievances and demands of the people of Candia.

AUSTRIA.

CROTIA AND HUNGARY.

VIENNA, June 21.—Accounts received here state that the feeling in Croatia shows that the people will fight against the late greatly opposed to union with Hungary.

RUSSIA.

RETURN OF THE CZAR.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 23.—His Majesty the Emperor has arrived home from his visit to Paris.

FRANCE.

ADJOURNMENT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

PARIS, June 22.—The Corps Legislatif adjourned the debate on reforms proposed to Napoleon to November next.

ARRIVED OUT.

HAMBURG, June 22.—The steamer Borussia, from New York, arrived to-day.

GLASGOW, June 22.—The steamship St. Andrew, for Quebec, arrived last evening.

THE HOMICIDE AT SEA.

Captain Patter, of the ship Caravan, charged with the murder of Seaman, will be honorably discharged. Commissioner Jones ruled that the first mate was the man who ought to have been prosecuted.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD PROGRESS.

A dispatch from Omaho says: The Union Pacific Railroad is now open to Julesburg, three hundred and seventy-six miles west of this point, and two daily trains will commence running each way on Monday. There are five millions pounds of freight which have been awaiting this event, and will now be forwarded at once.

VERMONT POLITICS.

State Democratic Convention—Nominations—Resolutions.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MONTPELIER, June 22.—The Democratic State Convention, which met here to-day, in Convention nominated the following State ticket; For Governor, J. L. Edwards; Lieutenant Governor, Julius Converse, Jr.; Treasurer, J. H. Williams, H. B. Smith, Henry Keys, P. S. Benjamin, and Isaac W. McDaniels were elected delegates to the National Convention, and Merrill G. Noyes, G. W. Atkins, N. Bingham and G. B. Simmons alternates.

Resolutions deploring and condemning the heavy burthens of taxation; also, condemning the establishment and exercise of power over a portion of the Union; and asking the repeal of he present liquor law were adopted. The Convention was well attended.

Lottery Concern Come to Grief.

[By Telegraph to the

The Pittsburgh Gazette

MONDAY, JUNE 24, 1867.

LEGISLATIVE CANDIDATES.

In population, wealth and general importance Allegheny is the second county in this Commonwealth. As such its people have a deep stake in the direction imparted to public affairs. They have to bear their share of the pecuniary cost of the government, and are hindered or advantaged by legislation operating alike in all parts of the State. Having a large delegation in the General Assembly, a corresponding measure of responsibility rests upon them for any policy that may be adopted or rejected. Besides, vast interests have grown up here, and are rapidly augmenting, which require to be specially cured for. It would be absurd to suppose that representatives from other counties would ordinarily be at the pains to inform themselves in detail of these interests, or bestow upon them considerable watchfulness. Indeed, it has come to be the almost invariable rule in the Legislature to leave local bills pretty much in the hands of members from the respective vicinages, and it is not easy to see what better plan can be devised. On a large class of matters, therefore, the members from a county, practically constitute the Legislature. If the representatives from a county are intelligent, alert, assiduous, and, above all, if they maintain a reputation free from suspicion of sinister influences and inducements, they become both efficient and potential.

It has been the fortune of Allegheny county always to have some good men in its delegation. But, on all hands, the confession must be made that, for a series of years, at least, the delegation, as a whole, has fallen below the requirements of the case. This was emphatically true in respect to the last Legislature. It is not our purpose to hold either of the Senators or any one of the Representatives up to harsh animadversion. Such a course is not necessary to the end we have in view, and would be uncongenial to our disposition. Whatever deficiencies were manifest in the delegation are, so far as relates to our present purpose, to be laid rather at the doors of the Republican party than at the doors of the individuals selected by that party for representative positions. The delegation was by no means such as the county ought to have sent. It may be said the members did the best they could. The proper answer to that is a delegation ought to have been selected with ability to do more.

The blame is cast either on the party machinery or on the leaders who manage it. In justice, perhaps both the machine and the engineers who control it, are deserving of censure. If the machine cannot be made to turn out a better job, then there would seem to be no use in having it, and keeping it running with much expenditure of time, patience and money. This much is clear, the machine must do better, or the people will smash it, as they ought to do. If the fault is not in the machine, as we think, but in the carelessness of the engineers, then the engineers must be aroused to a proper sense of the bad work done, and be induced to give matters an overhauling, so that a fresh start may be taken.

But, whatever fault may be found with the machine itself, and whatever criticisms may be launched at the engineers, we apprehend that the masses of the Republican party are more to blame than either or both, many fold. They take no pains to bring out the men they want, and ought to have, as representatives. They let the matter drift as it may, or be controlled by whoever sees fit to bestow time and energy upon it. If the candidates prove unsatisfactory, as they did last fall, there is a good deal of complaining, which mostly dies out before the day of election, and the ticket runs through by about the usual majority.

This is not the way to avoid a repetition of the evil. It ought to be understood that Republicans of character will not support incompetent or unworthy men. The understanding ought to be unmistakable that men of the wrong sorts will not be put on the ticket. We trust this is not a political heresy; but if it is, we cannot help it. The Republicans of Allegheny must do better. They owe this to themselves; to the principles they profess; to their local interests, and to the welfare of the whole Commonwealth.

In some of the counties the republicans, in view of the miserable failures of last year, in general results, have set commendable examples in nominating their very best men for the Legislature, and the men thus designated have consented to accept the nominations. There are an abundance of excellent men in Allegheny county who could be induced to go the Legislature, if certain preliminary things were not required, at which they reluctate. They will not solicit nominations. Instead of seeking, they will be sought. Honor is due them for their high-mindedness. If the Republicans want their services, let them make it manifest. There is no better way to do this than for members of the party who feel an interest in the subject of Legislative Reform, to consult together and agree as far as practicable, which of their fellow-citizens will be most useful at Harrisburg in promoting that object, and then make requisitions on those persons to become candidates. Let no second grade men be taken. Have each one all that is desirable as to talents, acquirements, aptness, and integrity. Such a delegation would comport with the interests of the country, and could not fail of exerting a large and salutary influence over the whole course of legislative proceedings next winter.

Who will move in this matter? It ought to be taken in hand by individuals who are intimately identified with the county; who are widely and favorably known to the inhabitants; and who from their course hitherto will not be liable to the imputation of seeking selfish ends. However, the main thing is to get the right men brought out as candidates, and properly put before the Nominating Convention. The circumstances are favorable for such an experiment. The wish is almost universal for a higher grade of legislators. Necessarily almost the Convention will select from the names presented. If nobody will move in this matter, then there ought to be no complaints hereafter whatever candidates the mill may grind out.

It is folly, moreover, for the Republican leaders to try to conceal from their own view the fact that the masses of the party are dissatisfied, impatient, and restive. This is not peculiar to one locality. It pervades the entire State. The evils we have pointed out have run about as long as they will be endured. Doubtless, on the Democratic side affairs are no better. Nay, we think they are decidedly worse. As we have said often before, in proportion to numbers the Democrats send fewer men of strong talents and unfailing uprightness to the Legislature than the Republicans. But it must be remembered that the Democrats are in the minority, so that the chief responsibility for what is done, or left undone, devolves on the Republicans. The fear is not that Republicans may be induced to go over to the Democratic party; for that party was so palpably disloyal all through the war, and is now so resolutely bent on doing all that can be done to resofre the old status, that true men turn from it with unspeakable loathing. The danger is that Republicans will become indifferent, careless, apathetic, and stay away from the polls in such members as to give the Democrats the surprise of a triumph. Sinister shadows already flit across the Commonwealth; and we warn the State Committee, and the various County Committees, that they have work to do. To let affairs drift, is to be swept out into the current and be dashed over the falls. The Republican ascendency can be saved, and with comparative ease; but only by right action at Williamsport, and by nominations in the respective counties which will guarantee proper legislation hereafter. We are not alarmists; but, as journalists, we should be derelect of duty if seeing danger impending we failed to sound the alarm. It will afford us gratification to announce in due season, as we trust we shall have reason to do, that the warning was heard and heeded, and that the Republican hosts of Pennsylvania are marshalled for another victory.

For ten years or more the British government and public have been agitated, from time to time, by the extraordinary vigor and success with which Russia has pushed her frontier towards China and Hindostan. The approach of the Russians towards Bokhara and Cabul is just now exciting comment. What causes chief annoyance is the fact that Russian rule is welcomed, while that of Great Britain is hated. It may be this state of feeling grows out of the fact that British rule has been felt, while Russian rule has not. But it is hardly conceivable any administration claiming to be even half civilized, can be worse than that which the English have exhibited in their East Indian possessions. The march of Russia eastward is so steady that complainings will not suffice to stop it. At the present rate it is easy to compute how long it will be before the English will confront not simply Sepoys in India, but the armies of Russia.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON assigned this reason for vetoing the Military Government bill:

"The bill places *all the people of the ten States therein named under the absolute domination of military rulers*, and the preamble undertakes to give the reason upon which it is justified. *It declares that there exists in those States no legal governments and no adequate protection for life or property, and asserts the necessity of enforcing peace and good order within their limits.*"

Now, the Attorney General, at the instigation of the President, and to subserve his ends, labors to prove that nothing of the sort was done or intended; that the District Commanders, through force of military education, have assumed authoritity Congress did not give them; and that all they have done must be undone. The people have words to say in this controversy, before allowing the President to set himself up as a Dictator.

GENERAL NEWS.

—New York State boards 1358 convicts at Sing Sing.

—The States of the Pacific coast are as populous and as wealthy as the whole thirteen colonies in the time of the Revolution. They produce more gold than they need, and export it in large amounts.

—Mr. Thomas Brown, for several years a well known western journalist, and latterly connected with the United States Treasury Department, died in Brooklyn on Thursday, 13th inst., of typhoid fever.

—Waldemar Bodisco, Secretary of the Russian Legation, who left a short time ago for St. Petersburg, to convey to his government the ratified Russian American treaty, arrived at New York on Monday in the steamer Pereire.

—Birth cards are now issued in Paris circles after the following style:—"Monsieur de X——— has the honor to inform you of his birth, which took place day before yesterday. He and his mother are as well as could be expected."

—Frank Hiscock was nominated a delegate to the New York Constitutional Convention by the Republicans of Syracuse, on Saturday, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of his brother, L. Harris Hiscock, the victim of the Albany tragedy.

—The *Gazette de France* announces that the medical attendants, after having held a consultation on the state of the Empress Carlotta, have declared that she will not recover her reason. It is also the opinion of the physicians that her nervous system has received a shock which must soon result in her death.

—A contemporary, commenting on the double treachery of the Mexican General Lopez, refers to the fact, so honorable to American character, that during our long and doubtful civil war, there was not a single instance on either side of the deliberate betrayal of the cause which the combatants had severally espoused.

—Down in Richmond they have a new idea in photography, which is to take the hand of a lady in the midst of the petals of any kind of a flower—a rose, tulip or lily. The profile appears almost smothered in a beautiful and highly-colored flower, with a long stem attached, and it looks as natural as if it had grown there.

—The Irish newspapers state that the tide of immigration from Ireland continues, and as it does not show any sign of diminution, the probability is that in the course of a very few years the population will be reduced sufficient to satisfy those who think that the number of inhabitants is too great at present in comparison with the resources of the country.

—During a recent wedding in a church in a village near Troy, N. Y., when the clergyman asked if anybody knew any reason why the ceremony should not proceed, a woman rose and forbade the banns on the ground that the groom had promised to marry her when her husband died. The clergyman decided that she had no right to look so far ahead, and went on with the performance.

—The latest census of Paris gives a total population of 2,450,916, the foreigners being about five and a half per cent., and divided as follows: Germans, 34,273; Belgians, 23,088; Swiss, 10,687; English, 9,106; Italians, 6,903; Hollanders, 6,254; Americans, 4,400; Poles, 4,274; Spaniards, 2,536; Russians, 1,356; Scandinavians, 534; Moldo-Wallachians, 329; Turks, 313; Greeks, 290; of various nationalities, 3,766. There was also of foreigners naturalized, 3,054.

—The editors of Montgomery, Alabama, are as sulphurously belligerent as the terrible Pollard. In one of the papers we find the following notification, to all whom it may concern: "For whatever we have written or may write, reflecting upon the conduct of individuals, the editors of the *Mail* hold themselves entirely responsible, and will promptly answer any demand for satisfaction, coming from any man who wears a clean shirt and has not been in the Penitentiary."

—Sun-strokes are again reported from various parts of the country, and the approach of the heated term should warn people exposed to the rays of the sun to take care of themselves. In New York last week several cases were reported. It will be remembered that last summer there were, in different parts of the country, on some days, extraordinary lists of deaths from sun stroke, and many were the suggestions put forth in the newspapers for avoiding its fatality. It would be well for those who are compelled to be much in the sun, to adopt some such simple expedient as a wet handkerchief in the hat, or a shade of some sort. Those who are compelled to work out of doors might, in many cases, by a little exercise of ingenuity, erect some shading that would keep the fiery rays out of their brains.

—A novel gunboat has been designed for the Swedish navy by Captain Ericsson, of monitor fame. It is iron-clad, and is smaller than gunboats usually are. The deck is entirely below the level of the water, and is strongly protected with plating. From the deck rises a kind of sheath, oval and open at one end, above the water, and in this is worked a fifteen inch gun, which points always in the direction of the bow. The motive power is applied, not by steam, but by the arms of thirty-two men, who act by a simple and effective mechanism on a screw with four flanges. This gunboat, which is already constructed, is said to be admirably adapted to the defence of the islands, bays, inlets and lakes of Sweden. The power obtained is sufficient for the required purpose, and the total cost of the boat is but little over $20,000.

—At St. Louis a curious case came up in the Probate Court a few days since. It seems that about ten years ago an old citizen of St. Louis county, named Elegemund Bryse, made a will in which he provided that certain of his slaves, ten in number, should each receive $500 on condition of their "emigrating to Liberia, or such other country as might be set apart for free persons of color." The legatees have never gone to Liberia, and don't want to go, although they want the money. Accordingly, they presented to the Court a petition for an order on the executor compelling him to pay over the funds. The question, therefore, came before the Court as to whether Missouri was or was not within the meaning of the will, "set apart for free persons of color." The Court was of opinion that such was the case, and ordered payment made as prayed for.

Earnings of the Working Classes in Great Britain.

Professor Leone Levi's work on the "Wages and Earning of the Working Classes" in Great Britain contains the following estimates of the average rates:

For men—In England and Wales, 22s. 6d.; in Scotland, 20s. 6d.; in Ireland, 14s. 4d. For boys and youths under twenty—in England, 6s. 6d.; in Scotland, 7s. 8d.; in Ireland, 6s. 3d. For adult women—In England, 12s. 6d.; in Scotland, 10s. 6d.; in Ireland, 9s. 9d.; and for girls in England, 8s. 6d.; in Scotland, 8s. 2d.; and in Ireland, 7s. 4d.

The total average for the United Kingdom he thus makes to be—For men, 19s.; for boys under twenty, 7s. 3d.; for women, 11s.; and for girls, 7s. 10d.

On the assumption that in most families there are two earners of money, he estimates the average weekly earnings of families at 31s. in England, 28s. 2d. in Scotland, and 23s. 6d. in Ireland.

In two elaborate tables he gives the number of persons employed in different occupations in the United Kingdom, and the amount of earnings in the different occupations.

The number of the employed amounts in the aggregate to 11,018,616 persons; the amount of earnings, after all deductions, to £418,034,284.

A Generous Third Wife.

A few days since a marble maker called upon a respectable citizen of Plainfield, Conn., a man of good feelings but small means—who is at present living with his third wife—and asked him to attend him to the burying ground in that place. After considerable urging and many excuses and vain endeavors to find out what was wanted, he finally consented to go. Judge of his surprise when, upon reaching the spot where were buried his two former wives, he beheld two beautiful gravestones, of exquisite finish, neatly placed over their graves. But what added still further to his surprise and astonishment was that, after considerable questioning, he learned that they had been bought and paid for and placed there by the wife with whom he now lives at an expense of $120. What renders the act more commendable is, that she had worked in the mill for nearly a year past to earn the money to pay for them, and in all that time had never mentioned her plans to any person excepting the man of whom she purchased the stones, her husband being in complete ignorance that she ever had such thoughts or intentions.

MME. CHARLES LENORMANT (the adopted daughter of Mme. Becamier) has given us this glimpse into M. Guizot's study: "Let us enter M. Guizot's study about four o'clock, when he begins the lectures on history he gives twice a week to his grand-children. The lesson lasts half an hour. Seated in front of his desk, the grandfather turns to the youthful audience grouped in front of him. Attention, respect, and joyful confidence are depicted on all those little faces. He recapitulates in a few words the subject of the preceding lecture, and the children almost always reply without hesitation to the questions addressed to them. Then this same orator, whose powerful voice captivated the attention of an enthusiastic public in the large amphitheatre of the Sorbonne, or quelled the interruptions of a stormy political assembly, suiting himself to the intelligence of his young auditors, traces clearly, rapidly, and in a striking manner, the events, and especially the spirit of the events, of our history; and he mingles with this elegant narration extracts which he reads from the Memoirs of the epoch under consideration. It is a charming lecture, and we have never been present at it without wishing this history of France, told by such a grandfather to his grandchildren, should not be lost to the public."

GEO. FRANCIS TRAIN drives a nail of truth in the following brief biographical sketch of his own life:

"When I started out in life travel was my idol; the world doubted. Then I tried knowledge; I proved to be a book; they ridiculed. Then languages; they sneered. Then patriotism; they cheered first, then knocked me down in Boston, shot me in Dayton, bayoneted me in Davenport, arrested me in St. Louis, and tried to assassinate me in Alton. But in spite of this I have kept my independence and individuality. (Loud applause.) I asked the world what is wanted: it replied money. I have made it, and am now devoting my time to that, simply out of contempt for the opinion of men. No more softening of the brain, but hardening of the heart."

DO NOT

Let RATS, MICE, ROACHES, BED BUGS or ANTS annoy you when you can destroy them with

BURT'S

Never-Failing Exterminator,

The best and only effectual preparation in use.

SOLE AGENT FOR PITTSBURGH,

JOSEPH FLEMING'S

Drug and Patent Medicine Depot,

No. 84 MARKET STREET.

je24:mTW

GRAY HAIR, BALDNESS, DANDRUFF, ANY DISEASE OF THE SCALP.—NO DISCOVERY CAN COMPARE WITH "LONDON HAIR COLOR RESTORER AND DRESSING."

"London Our Best Hair Color Restorer"
"London Physicians' Hair Color Restorer"
"London Use and Hair Color Restorer"
"London Recommend It. Hair Color Restorer"

It never fails to impart life, growth, and vigor to the weakest hair, fastens and stops its falling, and is sure to produce a head of hair, causing it to grow thick and strong. Only 75 cents a bottle, by the half dozen.

Sold by McCLARAN & McKENNAN, 85 Market street, GEO. A. KELLY, 37 Wood st., and JOS. KEMENY, 84 Market street, Pittsburgh. KANE & DRUITT, Allegheny.

aug7:1m:mwf

AN OLD FRIEND.

For many years the Press of the country has chronicled the beneficial effects of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. Editors, authors, physicians, merchants, officers of the army and navy, chemists, counsellors, ministers of the gospel: in short, a great cloud of witnesses of every profession, trade and calling, have testified to its efficacy as a tonic and regulating medicine. The names and statements of these witnesses have been published in the public prints. Many of them are well known to the whole public. Their testimony has never been challenged or impugned. This

OLD FRIEND

has been tried and pronounced, on the authority of those whose lives and health it has preserved, a pure, harmless and eminently salutary preparation. Attempts have been made to rival it. They have failed. There is nothing equal to the enjoyment experienced by the afflicted when using this valuable specific. Its mild tone, its sure and vigorous action upon a disordered stomach, and the cleansing of the entire human body, recommend it to the whole community as a RELIABLE FRIEND.

PINUS CANADENSIS.

A tree which is abundant in Canada, Nova Scotia, and the more northern parts of the New England States, and is also found in the elevated and mountainous regions of the Middle States, and abounds in medicinal virtues. Dr. Swett, of Boston, has prepared a medicine from the sweet inside bark of the pine tree, called PULMONARY BALSAM, COMPOUND, which is one of rare value in all debilitated states of the kidneys. It acts like a charm in all diseases of mucous membranes, enabling them to regain their lost tone and energy. It will be found well adapted to all those diseases, where Balsams have been tried and failed. It is likewise well suited to chronic coughs, and an infallible specific for old and debilitated cases of asthma. Many persons who at first only took a bottle of this medicine, to try, afterwards came back and got a dozen, or half dozen, which effected radical cures of diseases of the bladder and kidney of years standing.

Diabetes, a disease that has been looked upon as among the incurables, is immediately relieved by it. Notice the certificate of Asa Goodnow, published some time ago.

The *United States Dispensatory*, speaking of the pine, says: "It is prescribed in leucorrhœa, gleet, and other diseases of the urinary passages; in piles and certain inflammation or ulceration of the bowels, in chronic catarrhal affections, and in various forms of rheumatism." It is exceedingly valuable in all gravelly affections, bloody urine, and when there is red sediment or sediment. It can be taken without interruption to one's usual avocations, and instead of sickening, produces a healthy, healthy power of endurance and vigor. Price, $1 per bottle; six for $5.

Ask for SOLOMON'S COMPOUND PINE CORDIAL. For sale by the gross, dozen or single bottle, at DR. KEYSER'S Great Medicine Store, 140 Wood street.

ap20

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

ROBINSON BROTHERS,

Bankers,

No. 78 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh.

Convert 7-30's, free of charge, upon Government terms. They have constantly on hand all kinds of

U. S. BONDS.

And are prepared to buy and sell Railroad Bonds or Stocks; Bank, Gas and Bridge Stocks; Mortgages on Real Estate, Land Warrants, &c.

WANTED—The bonds of the counties of Butler, Beaver, Lawrence, Mercer and Washington. Interest allowed on Time deposits.

LACE LEATHER, of the best quality, also, the Patent Belt studs, for connecting Belts, for sale at 26 & 28 St. Clair st.

je12 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

NOT A FEW of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from corruption of the blood. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA is a remedy of the utmost value.

apl3:mwf

SODA ASH—100 cks. Common; 25 " Refined;
Now on hand and for sale by J. H. CANFIELD & SON.

LARD OIL—10 bbls. No. 1 now landing from steamer Belle, for sale by
je24 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

BASKET WILLOWS—80 bdls. on steamer Potomac, to arrive, for sale by
je24 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

LARD OIL—20 bbls. in store, for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

FEATHERS—40 bags in store, for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ALUMNI OF THE P. C. H. S.

A Special Meeting of the Alumni Association of the Pittsburgh Central High School will be held in the School Building, on TUESDAY EVENING, June 25th, 1867. All are expected to attend.

je24:nd6

TO LET,

TWO FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH BOARD.

Suitable for single gentlemen or gentleman and wife. For further particulars call at 189 ROBINSON STREET, Allegheny City. je24:3t81

FOR SALE.

A Small Upright Engine,

BOILER & SHAFTING, will be sold cheap, at

HUBLEY'S.

je24:3t81 No. 68 Federal St., Allegheny.

FOR SALE.

TWO SECOND-HAND SPRING WAGONS,

AT 251 ROBINSON STREET,

je24 ALLEGHENY.

APPLICATION FOR PARDON.

DAVID E. HALL, convicted at March Sessions, 1867, of Misdemeanor, in unlawful cutting, and sentenced to imprisonment for six months and fine of one hundred dollars and costs, is making application to the Governor for Pardon. je24:3t

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by either of the partners.

GEORGE GELBERT,
ROBT. LEDDELL.

Per T. B. Hamilton & Co., the Attorneys. June 24th, 1867—je24:3t*

GEORGE BEAVEN,

CANDY MANUFACTURER,

And dealer in Foreign and American FRUITS, PICKLES, NUTS, &c.,

112 FEDERAL STREET, second door from the First National Bank, Allegheny City. je24

IN THE MATTER OF THE VOLUNTARY ASSIGNMENT of D. ROSS and S. FERGUSON to WM. PORTER No. 325, December term, 1866.

Notice is hereby given that the Assignee has filed, by leave of Court, his account as Assignee in the above case, and that said account will be allowed by the Court on the 20TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1867, unless cause to the contrary be shown why such account should not be allowed.

JACOB H. WALTERS, Prothonotary.

je24:sd8:9:&T

REMOVAL.

KENSINGTON IRON WORKS.

Our Warehouse and Office has been removed from No. 88 WATER STREET, to our Works, situated on GREENOUGH STREET, (a continuation of First street,) immediately above the Pittsburgh & Steubenville Railroad, and adjoining the City Gas Works, where all orders will have prompt attention.

LLOYD & BLACK.

Pittsburgh, June 24th 1867. je24:w3t*

NEW ICE CREAM SALOON & CONFECTIONERY.

JULIUS RICHTER

Has opened a new first class

Ice Cream Saloon & Confectionery,

At No. 16 DIAMOND, Allegheny.

His friends and the public generally are requested to favor the new establishment with a visit. je24:a

VALUABLE STOCKS.—TUESDAY EVENING, June 25th, at 8 o'clock, will be sold, on the second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street:

30 shs. Exchange National Bank.
35 shares Citizens' National Bank.
20 shares Bank of Pittsburgh.
10 shares Allegheny Suspension Bridge Co.
26 shares Birmingham Gas Co.
13 shares Western Insurance Co.
50 shares M. & M. Insurance Co.
50 shares Boatmen's Insurance Co.
50 shares Pittsburgh Petroleum Co.
100 shares Triumph Oil Co.

A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

CHEAPEST PASSAGE

TO THE

OLD COUNTRY.

Steerage Passage to LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN,

TWENTY-TWO DOLLARS, CURRENCY.

APPLY TO

WM. BINGHAM, JR.,

Adams Express Co., 54 Fifth St., Pittsburgh.

je24:s22

FOR SALE.—We have for sale several good second-hand

Iron Turning Lathes,

Especially adapted for turning axles. We offer the above at reasonable rates.

SHIRA & SNELL, 40 inch cylinder, 20 inch stroke, on iron bed; boiler 40 inches diameter, 20 feet long, two 9 inch flues.

Enquire at the INDUSTRIAL WORKS.

HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,

Corner Point Alley & Duquesne Way.

je24:s85 Pittsburgh, Pa.

PROF. N. P. DUFFEY,

VETERINARY SURGEON AND HORSE TRAINER,

Thankful for the patronage heretofore received, respectfully announces that he has opened an HOSPITAL STABLE at the corner of Liberty street and East Lane, Allegheny City, also, a TRAINING and BREAKING STABLE on Beaver street, between Ohio street and Stockton avenue

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

BONNETS, HATS,

RIBBONS, FLOWERS,

A New Stock at Low Prices,

OPENED TO-DAY, AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

No. 180 & 182 Federal St.,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

PARASOLS, SUN UMBRELLAS,

HOOP SKIRTS,

A GOOD STOCK OPENED TO-DAY, AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 & 182 Federal St., Allegheny.

GLOVES, MITS, HOSIERY,

Lace Handkerchiefs, &c.,

A FULL LINE AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 & 182 Federal St., Allegheny.

WHITE MARSEILLES,

Pink, Buff and Blue Percales,

Grograin Silks,

Drab Alpacas,

All Wool Delaines, &c.,

A FRESH STOCK OPENED TO-DAY, at

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal St.,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

JUST OPENED,

AT

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street,

An elegant assortment of

Sun Shades and Parasols,

NEW BUTTONS AND TRIMMINGS,

ENGLISH BONNET AND TRIMMING RIBBONS,

SPRING SHADES OF

THE BEST KID GLOVES.

"STAR" SHIRTS.

Negro.

BEST PAPER COLLARS AND CUFFS.

We have just opened a full line of all sizes and colors of the celebrated

"88" Kid Glove, at $1.10 per Pair.

We are authorized to guarantee every pair of the gloves sold. Should they rip or tear putting on, they can be exchanged for another pair.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

BUTTONS! BUTTONS!

AT

EATON'S.

Fancy Buttons, for Sacques and Dresses;

Pearl Buttons, all sizes;

Cut Jet Buttons, choice lines;

Colored Silk Buttons, ornamented;

Bead Ornaments, all sizes;

Frog Buttons, Plain, Braided and Crochet;

Cords and Tassels, all colors;

Palm, Linen, Silk & Cedar Fans;

Fancy Pocket Fans;

JUST OPENED,

AT

F. H. EATON'S,

17 Fifth Street,

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

AT

JOSEPH HORNE'S & CO'S.

Having made a second addition to our already large stock of

SPRING GOODS,

We are prepared to offer inducements, both in price and assortment, in Embroideries, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery, Bugle Trimmings and Fringes, New Dress Trimmings, Colored and Velvet Ribbons, Guipure and Cluney Lace, Real Thread and Point Lace, Buttons, all styles and colors, Corsets, Belting, Buckles and Belts, Fine Opera Fans, Ladies', Misses' and Gents' Spring Under Wear, Alexandre Kid Gloves, Invisible Empress Trail Skirts, in Single and Duplex.

A large assortment of

Gents' Neck Ties, Scarfs and Bosoms, Shirt Fronts, &c. Morrison's star Shirts, Spring Styles Bonnets, Hat Flowers, and Millinery Goods, Trimming Ribbons, Bonnet Ribbons, Plain and Fancy, all widths.

OUR WHOLESALE ROOMS, up stairs, will be found complete in all Departments. Dealers will find it to their advantage to give us a call. Prices as low as Eastern Jobbers.

77 and 79 Market Street.

RECEIVED THIS DAY.

MACRUM, CLYDE & CO.,

78 and 80 Market Street,

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF TRIMMINGS,

Jet Bead and Bugle Gimps and Fringes,

Crystal Bead Gimps and Drop Trimmings,

Jet and Crystal Ornaments,

Fancy Silk and Jet Drop Buttons,

Fine Assortment of Parasols and Sun Umbrellas,

English Bonnet and Trimming Ribbons, all widths and shades,

Colored Velvet Ribbons,

Elegant Assortment Real Point and Applique Laces and Handkerchiefs,

FULL LINE ALEXANDRE'S KID GLOVES

The Jobbing Trade will find a complete stock of the above goods in our Wholesale Department, together with a great variety of

Fancy Goods & Notions Generally,

AT EASTERN PRICES.

WHITE GOODS!

AT

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO.'S,

No. 87 Market St.,

NEXT DOOR TO THE SIGN OF THE BIG BOOT.

WHITE SWISS MUSLINS.
FRENCH MUSLINS.
NAINSOOKS, striped and Plaid.
PLAIN NAINSOOK.
STRIPED SWISS MUSLINS.
SHEER MUSLIN, for Ladies' Basques.
WHITE P. K.'S, " " "
LINEN CAMBRIC.
LINEN LAWNS.
TUCKED MUSLINS, for Shirts.

A large assortment of

Goods for Ladies' Dresses,

ON HAND.

Remember the place, 87 MARKET STREET.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

NEW DRY GOODS STORE!

OPEN

Monday, June 17th,

WITH A LARGE STOCK OF

NEW DRY GOODS,

HOSIERY,

NOTIONS, SHAWLS,

Cassimeres and Cloths,

WHICH WILL BE SOLD,

Wholesale and Retail,

AT LOWEST CASH PRICES!

S. C. HESS,

No. 100 Ohio Street,

(Corner of Ohio and Commons,)

ALLEGHENY.

NEW GOODS!

ARRIVING DAILY, AT

W. H. MILLER'S,

No. 64 Market Street.

Embroideries, Laces, Trimmings, Hosiery, Parasols, Fans, Hoop Skirts, Corsets, Notions, Hats, Bonnets, Flowers, Ribbons, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Satchels, Wallets, Portmonaies, &c.

No. 64 MARKET ST., opposite J. W. Barker's.

DENNISON & HECKERT,

No. 27 Fifth Street,

Are constantly receiving

Bead and Bugle Dress Trimmings;

Embroideries, Hosiery, Gloves;

Ribbons and Flowers;

Hoop Skirts and Corsets;

Parasols and Sun Umbrellas;

Morrison's "Star Shirts;"

Linen and Paper Collars;

Suspenders and Neck Ties;

Notions, &c., &c.

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,

(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

No. 94 WOOD STREET,

Third house above Diamond alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

AUCTION SALES.

COUNTRY HOMES AT AUCTION.—The subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, in Robinson township, on THURSDAY, July 11th, 1867, commencing at 2 o'clock p. m., a splendid variety of BUILDING LOTS, desirable for country homes or for gardening purposes, consisting of thirty-seven acres, divided in o eighteen lots, ranging from one to three acres each. These lots are situated on Chartiers creek, twelve miles from the city, in a fertile and salubrious valley, and lies within the romantic spot known as McKee's Rocks. They are accessible from the city by the Woods' Run Passenger Railway and Ferry to McKee's Rocks, or by the Pittsburgh & Steubenville Railroad, as well as by the Chartiers & Robinson Township Turnpike.

The position is one of the most healthful and beautiful in the country, and being but a short distance from the city, the opportunity thus offered for obtaining a country home or garden spot is a very rare one.

Any person wishing to see the property before the sale, can do so by calling on the subscriber, near the premises, in Chartiers township.

TERMS—One-third cash at the time of sale, balance in one and two years, with interest from date of sale. JAS. McCUNNOLE.

MAT. HEW HARBISON, Auctioneer. jel9:n3

45 VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS AT VERNER STATION, near to and below Wood's Run, on the Ft. Wayne & Chicago Railway.—ON MONDAY MORNING, June 24th, at 10½ o'clock, on the premises, will be sold the remaining forty-five lots in the above plan. They are 24 by 100 feet each, fronting on wide streets, and there always is to rent, with abundance of choice small fruits, and ornamental and fruit trees in high cultivation. The lots are pleasantly situated between the Ohio river and Fort Wayne Railway, immediately at Verner Station, and within twelve minutes' ride of Allegheny Station. Their situation is all that could be desired, occupying between the Excelsior Iron Works, of Lindsay, Hunter & Co., and the extensive works of the Pittsburgh Forge and Iron Company, with numerous surrounding improvements.

Not for years has there been so desirable an opportunity for investment as is now offered. Pleasant, healthy and convenient location, and terms easy. All desiring a home or lot of land should attend this sale.

Free Excursion Train will leave the Allegheny Depot at 10 o'clock a. m., returning after the sale.

TERMS OF SALE—One-third cash, balance in three equal annual payments. $10 of the cash payment to be paid on each lot at time of sale.

JAMES VERNER.

A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer. je19

THOMAS MORELAND.....DANIEL L. MITCHELL.

MORELAND & MITCHELL,

Livery and Sale Stables,

425 LIBERTY STREET,

Opposite Pennsylvania Railroad Depot,

PITTSBURGH.

☞Particular attention paid to furnishing Hearse and Carriages for funerals. Horses kept at livery. my13:y45

SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM

Iron Broker,

124 First Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Donaghmore, Josephine, Isabella, Duncannon, Stanhope, Glendon, and other brands of Anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and Oliphant's C. B. Charcoal Pig IRONS.

Consignments and orders respectfully solicited. ja14:r62

NE PLUS ULTRA

WASHING MACHINES,

NOVELTY BENCH AND TUB;

WRINGERS, SWINGS,

UNION COFFEE POTS,

And a full assortment of Housekeeping Goods, a

GRAFTON'S, 66 Federal St.,

NEAR RAILROAD DEPOT, ALLEGHENY CITY.

apl8:w75-MTU

JAMES B. JONES,

DEALER IN

Scrap Iron, Light Iron,

CAST AND WROUGHT IRON.

ROPE, &C.

Corner Anderson Street and River Avenue, Allegheny City.

C. G. FISCHER'S

FANCY

Dyeing and Scouring Establishment,

No. 61 DIAMOND ALLEY,

Between Wood and Smithfield streets,

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

All goods returned in two weeks. Goods kept subject to the owner twelve months. my18:w28

NEW FIRST CLASS GROCERY,

No. 154 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

Fresh stock of choice

Teas, Coffee, Sugars, &c., &c.,

Which we offer to the public at lowest prices.

A. G. BRYANT.

my18:z61

ICE PITCHERS.—We have on hand a very fine assortment of

DOUBLE WALLED ICE PITCHERS,

Of the very best quality. Also, WAITERS and GOBLETS, to match.

J. R. REED & CO.,

je3:a 68 Fifth Street.

W. WETTACH.....E. S. MEASON.

WETTACH & MEASON,

Manufacturers of every description of

Leather Belting,

Dealers in BELT and LACE LEATHER.

No. 204 SMITHFIELD ST.,

ap27:y30 Pittsburgh, Pa

NEW STORE.

H. W. HORBACH,

Confectioner, Fruit Store & Bakery,

ICE CREAM SALOON and LADIES' ORDINARY.

209 SMITHFIELD STREET, between Seventh and Liberty. my27:n96

CHARLES REIZ

152 FEDERAL St., ALLEGHENY,

(Fourth door above Diamond.)

Glass, China Ware & Table Cutlery

AT EASTERN PRICES. Everything required in a first class store on hand. Call and examine our goods. je18:a

CHAS. A. MILLER,

LITHOGRAPHER,

No. 80 FOURTH ST., Apollo Building.

CHECKS, DRAFTS, NOTES, BILL and LETTER HEADS, &c., done in all styles. ap18:z36

FOR SALE.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,

City of Allegheny, June 8th, 1867.

FOR SALE—28 single CHERRY DESKS, nearly new; just the thing for a Select School. Can be seen on the second floor of City Hall.

R. B. FRANCIS,

je6:a45 City Controller.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.—A very large stock of

KNAKE & CO.'S PIANOS,

HAINES BROS. PIANOS, and

PRINCES' AUTOMATIC ORGANS,

AT BLUME'S MUSIC STORE,

my18 No. 43 FIFTH STREET

HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA is the *Great Blood Purifier,* ap14:MWF

The Pittsburgh Gazette

Serious Cutting Affray.

A serious cutting affray occurred on Saturday night last, between twelve and one o'clock, in a house on Overhill street, Seventh ward, between James Muldoon and James McGurk, in which McGurk received a severe wound in the head—one that may prove fatal. McGurk and Muldoon, who are both residents of the city, it appears had a difficulty some two years since, and on Saturday night met on Allegheny street, where they talked the matter over in perfectly good humor. During their conversation Muldoon proposed to McGurk that they should go to a house on Grant street to see a friend who was there, which was agreed to by McGurk, but on arriving at the house the person they sought was not in, and Muldoon proposed a trip up on the "Hill," saying he thought his friend was at a house on Overhill street. They accordingly repaired to the house designated by Muldoon, and found the friend they had been seeking. After they had been in the house a short time, Muldoon started up the old affair again, and in talking the matter over a quarrel ensued, when Muldoon drew a dagger or dirk from his side pocket and struck McGurk on the head just above the left eye, at the edge of the hair, the knife penetrating the skull bone. McGurk, who fell senseless from the effect of the blow, was picked up and carried to Alderman Bulter's office, where his wound was attended to by a physician, and Muldoon left the premises. After the injured man had been properly attended to he made an information against Muldoon, charging him with assault and battery with intent to kill, upon which Alderman Butler issued a warrant and placed it in officer Shore's hands, who, accompanied by the Alderman, Messrs. McFarland, Arnold, White and Waters, started in search of the accused. After a search of two or three hours they found him at Mrs. Clark's boarding house, Penn street, in the Fifth ward, arrested him and took him to the Alderman's office. After a partial hearing, he was committed to jail for a further hearing this evening at six o'clock.

Educational.

The Allegheny County Teachers' Association met last Saturday in Neville Hall, the President, Prof. L. E. Wakeham, in the Chair.

Prof. A. Burtt spoke with great force and earnestness on the duties of the Educator to his country. He urged on teachers the vast importance of instilling into the minds of children the spirit of patriotism, and instructing them in all those duties that will prepare them to become good and useful citizens.

Miss Eliza Mellendry, from the Query Committee, read a very interesting report, in which she answered a variety of questions on which information had been solicited, and for which a vote of thanks was tendered. An animated discussion followed the reading of the report on the topic, involving the qualifications of Primary Teachers.

Rev. W. S. Gray delivered an interesting and valuable lecture on Government, and spoke of it in its application to society, to the family, and to the school. He regarded the prompt and strict exercise of proper authority as a great blessing to the party controlled.

Prof. James Thompson, formerly of this city, being called on to speak, indulged in some happy reminiscences of the early history of the Association, formed some eighteen years ago, and in which he took an active part. He reminded the audience of the fact, that the State Teachers' Association, which has done so much for the cause of education in Pennsylvania, originated with this Association. He spoke most cheeringly of the rapid advancement of our Public Schools, and said that it was a fact admitted by the Educators of other States, that Pennsylvania has the best system of public instruction yet established. In closing, Prof Thompson intimated that he might again resume his profession in our city. Should he conclude to do so, hosts of friends will give him a hearty welcome.

We noticed in the audience a good representation of the earnest teachers in the cause of education. The spirit of the meeting was earnest, and we felt more than ever that to the hands of such teachers we can with great confidence trust the instruction of our children.

Stabbing Affray—White Man Cut by a Negro.

On Saturday morning last an affray occurred on the steamer Armadillo, while lying at Rochester landing, Beaver county, which will probably result in the death of William Goddard, of Cincinnati. Goddard, who was a deck hand in the boat, had been at work, and on retiring to the after part of the boat, observed a negro, named Miller also a deck hand, asleep on his (Goddard's) bunk. He awakened him and ordered him to leave. Miller refused, whereupon Goddard put him out, when a fight ensued, and another negro standing by gave Miller a knife and said "kill him, kill him out of a——." Miller took the knife and made a cut at Goddard, striking him on the left breast between the first and second ribs, penetrating about two inches, cutting a portion of the lung, and rendering his situation an extremely critical one. Goddard, the injured man, was placed on the cars of the Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad, brought to this city, and taken to the Mercy Hospital, where he is at present, under the care of Dr. Donnelly, who dressed his injuries. The wound is not necessarily fatal, but is a very serious one, and his recovery doubtful. The negro, Miller, and the one who gave him the knife, were arrested and committed to the Beaver jail to await the result of Goddard's injuries.

Court of Quarter Sessions.

But little business was transacted on Saturday.

THE HAT LARCENY.

The only sentence pronounced was in the case of C. Buckley, of Market street, convicted of the larceny of a hat from a customer—a stranger from Greene county—whom he almost forced into his store, and after persuading him to take a hat substituted another for the one he had selected. The defendant was sentenced to thirty days imprisonment in the jail, the Court imposing this light sentence under the belief that Buckley might have thought he was doing a criminal act, in serving his employer by playing a sharp game upon a green (country) landowner.

HELD FOR THE LESSER OFFENSE.

Henry Stafford, a colored man, it will be recollected, was arrested on a charge of conspiring with Agnes Brown, who is now an inmate of the County Home, where she became a mother. The grand jury having ignored the indictment preferred, Stafford was brought into Court and released on bail in the sum of $500 to answer an indictment for fornication and bastardy.

AGAIN DEFERRED.

In the case of John Sinclair, one of the parties charged with being concerned in the Duquesne Way highway robbery, sentence was again deferred.

Child Drowned.

On Saturday last, about three o'clock, Samuel Jackson, aged eight years, son of William Jackson, watchman at the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Depot, was drowned in the Monongahela river, at the foot of Ross street, while bathing. Jackson, in company with several boys about his age, were swimming in the river, and he being a tolerably good swimmer, ventured out a considerable distance, when he was observed to sink. His companions, at first thinking he was diving, made no effort to save him, but after waiting for some time they became alarmed and went in search of him, but were unable to find him. They immediately raised the alarm, and a search was made for the body, which was found about six o'clock that evening a short distance below where he was last seen. The body was taken to the father's residence, at the corner of Hockenbridge and Ross streets, where Alderman McMasters, in the absence of Coroner Clawson, held an inquest yesterday morning at nine o'clock. The jury, after hearing the facts of the case, rendered a verdict of accidental drowning.

Mr. Jackson is an Irishman, formerly a resident of Dublin, from where he came to this country about a year ago, and has a family of seven boys, of which the deceased was the youngest.

Birmingham Letter List.

Letters remaining uncalled for at Buchanan Postoffice, June 22, 1867.

A	K	Paisley David
Akins Mary A	Kelly Joan C	Robson Augus
Ackerman Mat	Kay J J	Rist Dora
B	Kelly John M	Reed Mary
Brooks Eli	Kasey Rebecca	Roberts Evan
Brown Alex	L	
Bubop F J	Lutz W m	Stevenson J C
Berry Jacob	M	Sibert Geo D
Hausman Harry	Meighen James	Stephens Jeff
Brown W	Martin Jos	Stewart J S
Beamer Mary M	Martin Geo F	Smith Anthony
C	Munn R A	Stenger Mary
Conover G W	Mc	Stivers Mathias
Corcoran John	McIlwain H	Simmons Mary
Coleman G	McIntosh Lizzie	Shook Virginia
D	McKee Jac	Smith Richard
Dennasy Rich	McCracken J F	Snyder Ann M
Davis Sarah T	N	Snyder John
Davis Cather'n	Norville Ella	T
Davis Wm	Nebell David	Thompson Jos
G	Neeld Geo	Thomas Ann
Good D F	O	W
Gettly W F	Owens Angie	Wilson Samuel
H	O'Donnell Ella	Wallace Mary
Reburn James	P	White Mary J
Huston Isabella	Plummer Maria	
Heard Lydia J	Pinkerton Rent	
Houts Thos		

E. G. REEHAN, P. M.

Bathing in the River

Near the bridges and along shore in every part of the city, is so common, and practiced as much by men as well as boys, especially on the Allegheny side, that ladies have been known to turn back from the bridges to avoid the sight of the gross indecency. We like Mayor Morrison for his gentle and humane disposition, but to indulge such contempt of law and decency is unworthy of him, and will not be tolerated in a christian community. If he does not at once enforce the law the culprits will be fined on by the citizens. Why not make it the responsible citizen of Allegheny decline that the conduct of these bathers, while the ladies of his family were on the bridge, had been so beastly that he had directed them, if ever repeated, to immediately inform him, and he would shoot the offenders. We think no such tragedy will happen, but it surely will unless the authorities do their duty by suppressing, by severe measures, the outrageous practice.

Serious Accident.—On Saturday afternoon Torrence Keiffan, a boy about four years old, who was employed at Kennedy's dining rooms, Smithfield street, had his leg broken by a fall from a window. He and several other boys were at play, climbing about in the rear of the building, when Keiffan having climbed to a window, missed his hold and fell to the ground, breaking his left leg above the ankle. He was removed to Mercy Hospital, and his injuries properly attended to by Dr. Donnelly, Surgeon in charge.

Officer in Trouble.—Alderman H. J. Thomas, was arrested on Saturday last and held by Alderman McMasters in one thousand dollars for a hearing to-day, charged with compounding a felony, on oath of John Littie, Constable of the Fifth Ward, who alleges that a certain party was arrested a few weeks ago, charged with aggravated assault and felonious assault and battery, on a warrant issued by Alderman Thomas, and that the same was compounded, on payment of thirty-four dollars.

Fire.—About eleven o'clock on Saturday night a fire occurred at Mount Washington, on Coal Hill, by which a stable belonging to Mr. Campbell was totally destroyed, and four horses nearly burned. One of them, a very valuable horse, was so badly injured as to be beyond all hope of recovery, and Mr. Campbell had him shot, thereby ending his sufferings, which must have been terrible, as both eyes were burned out, besides being roasted to a crisp all over.

In Trouble.—A. J. Hohn, of Hazlewood station, Pittsburgh and Connellsville railroad, has been committing various assaults and batteries about that part of the country, and on Saturday last he attacked B. F. and W. H. Whiting as they were leaving the cars, abusing them in a disgraceful manner, for which they made information before Alderman Strain, one for assault and battery, the other for assault and battery and surety of the peace. Warrants were issued in both cases and placed in officer Wilmot's hands.

Sent to the "Tombs."—The following named persons were arrested by the night watch on Saturday night and locked up for a hearing next morning, after which they were committed by His Honor, Mayor McCarthy, for twenty-four hours each in default of a fine of one dollar and costs: Martha A. Shaler, Eliza Stewart, Nell Dougherty, Nathan Hartford, Thames Roop and Charles Devanny.

Assault and Battery.—Edward O'Conner, made information before Alderman Taylor, against Joseph Chiverton, charging him with assault and battery. The parties reside in the Fifth ward, and O'Conner alleges that Chiverton seized him rudely by the arm and shook him, and otherwise abused and ill-treated him. A warrant was issued.

☞Additional Local Matters on First Page.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE

BANKERS' & MERCHANTS'

GRAND

PRESENTATION

ENTERTAINMENT!

Special, Important and Last Notice!

IT WILL POSITIVELY TAKE PLACE AT

IRVING HALL,

(Tickets previously issued for Cooper Institute are good for this Entertainment at Irving Hall,) on the

EVENING OF JULY 4TH, 1867.

The Largest and the Greatest, and the most Successful Enterprise Ever Inaugurated in the World!

A PRIZE WITH EVERY TICKET!

A GIFT WITH EVERY TICKET!

A PRESENT WITH EVERY TICKET!

This Grand Distribution of Prizes will be conducted on the Mutual Benefit principle. Prorata Distribution of Profits to Ticket holders.

Capital, - - - - $1,287,148.

TICKETS, $1 EACH.

A Present with Every Ticket!

A reference to the number of presents and the general plan of distribution, given below, will show that the most reciprocal of the great advantages which will accrue to all who participate in the enterprise, and the Commercial and Financial standing of the Company, and the Managers and Bankers thereof, will, they hope, prove sufficient guarantee of the fairness and impartiality with which everything in connection with it will be conducted, and that the interest of ticket-holders will constantly be watched over and guarded. In fact, it is the desire of the Managers to conduct every transaction for the mutual benefit of whoever shall purchase a ticket, and scrupulously to avoid any and everything which would in the slightest degree diminish the profits which are likely to accrue to all who invest.

List of Prizes---Cash Prizes.

One cash prize at	$75,000	$75,000
One cash prize at	50,000	50,000
One cash prize at	25,000	25,000
Two cash prizes at	10,000	20,000
Three cash prizes at	5,000	15,000
Four cash prizes at	2,000	12,000
Five cash prizes at	1,000	10,000
Eight cash prizes at	1,000	8,000
Fourteen cash prizes at	500	7,000
Seventy-five cash prizes at	80	6,000
One hundred & forty cash prizes at	50	3,500
One hundred & fifty cash prizes at	25	3,750
One hundred and seventy-five cash prizes at	10	1,750
Two hundred cash prizes at	5	1,000
864 cash prizes amounting to		$250,000

PIANOS.

23 Steinway's Grand and 7-Octave		
31 Chickering's do do		92,645
218 Melodeons		
SEWING MACHINES.		
182 of Wheeler & Wilson's		74,373
301 of Singer's		
DIAMONDS.		
16 full sets Ear-rings and Pins		101,150
62 Fine Cluster Rings		
3 Cluster Pins		
FINE GOLD WATCHES.		
463 Ladies' and Gents' Gold Watches		73,319
SILVER WATCHES.		
615 Ladies' and Gents' Silver Watches		79,744
Assorted Prizes		666,015
Total value of prizes		$1,287,148

Immediately after the Grand Distribution, a list of the Presents awarded will be printed and sent to each ticket-holder.

This will be the fairest and most Impartial plan of Distribution yet offered to the public.

To this end we have placed the sale of tickets and the registering of the same, to CLARK, WEBSTER & CO., Bankers and Brokers, No. 62 Broadway, New York, who will keep the records in their custody until the day of the great Presentation Entertainment, when they will be handed over to a committee selected by the Subscribers to make an impartial distribution of Presents.

Tickets, $1 EACH.

For sale at the Banking House of CLARK, WEBSTER & CO., No. 62 Broadway, New York, or sent by mail on receipt of price and stamp for return postage.

SPECIAL TERMS OR CLUB RATES.

Any party procuring a club of five or more names for tickets, and sending us the money for the same, will be allowed the following commissions:

5 tickets to one address for	$ 4 00
10 " " "	7 50
20 " " "	12 75
30 " " "	18 00
40 " " "	24 00
50 " " "	30 00
100 " " "	60 00

In order that every subscriber's name may be registered, send the P. O. address, with town, county and State in full.

Money by draft, Post Office order, express, or in registered letters may be sent at our risk.

All communications must be addressed to

CLARK, WEBSTER & CO.,

No. 62 Broadway, New York.

je19:s69

A CLEAR, SMOOTH SKIN and BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION follow the use of HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA. It removes black spots, pimples and all eruptions of the skin. ap15:MWF

CITY OF ALLEGHENY,
TREASURER'S OFFICE, June 11, 1867.

ALLEGHENY TAXES.

Notice is hereby given that the Assessors have now placed in the Treasurer's Office the Duplicates of City, Poor, Public School, School building and Bounty Taxes and of Water rents for the year 1867, and that said Taxes will come be received in pursuance of the Acts of Assembly of February 27th, 1865, and of April 14th, 1866, subject to the following regulations and allowances;

Five per cent., if paid on or before the first day of August.

Four per cent., if paid on or before the first day of September.

Two per cent., if paid on or before the first day of September.

And after the first day of September, and on or before the first day of October, no deduction will be made.

If paid after the first day of October, and on or before the first day of November, an addition of five per cent. shall be added to and paid on the same.

After the first of November warrants will be issued to enforce the collection of all taxes remaining unpaid, together with the per centage accrued thereon, and the co ts.

je18:a D. MAUFFERBON, City Treasurer.

IRON CITY CUTLERY CO.,

No. 3 St. Clair Street.

Having purchased of ANDREW BEGGS the entire stock of shelf hardware, Cutlery and Variety goods, at the above stand, it is their intention to keep on hand a first class stock of

HARDWARE CUTLERY.

Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, Pistols, Fishing Tackle and sporting goods of every variety. They are also prepared to do all kinds of JOB WORK, Grinding Razors, Scissors, &c., Cutting Stencils and stamps, and making Seal and Cancelling Stamps, at shortest notice.

W. H. BOWS, Manager.

mh29:w21

IMPORTANT TO HOUSE-KEEPERS AND OTHERS.

NEW GOODS.

Consisting of Fancy Toilet Sets, Basins and Pitchers, Bird Cages, Water Coolers, Refrigerators, Ice Chests, Ice Cream Freezers, Seat Safes, Step Ladders, Monitor Washing and Wringing Machines, Bon Ton Coffee Pots, Block Tin and Britannia Tea and Coffee Pots, Pocket and Table Cutlery, Trays and Waiters, Castors, and Housekeeping Goods in general, at

ROBERTS & SHERRATT'S

WHOLESALE

Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware Manufactory,

NO. 61 SMITHFIELD ST., PITTSBURGH.

Special attention given to the manufacturing of Grocers' Tea and Spice Canisters, etc.

my4:n65

TO OIL REFINERS.

THOS. S. CALHOUN

CARPENTER,

No. 167 Lacock Street, Allegheny City

Manufacturer of every description of CRUDE OIL, CONDENSING and WATER

TANKS.

AGITATORS built on the most improved system. IRON TANK BOTTOMS and TOPS, and all kinds of Sheet Iron work of this class, done for Refiners on the most reasonable terms and at the shortest notice. my27:n98

LEMON SYRUP.

THE PLACE TO GET

PURE LEMON SYRUP,

Manufactured from the Juice of Lemon, is at

L. D. DUMMITT'S CANDY MANUFACTORY,

je14:a8 No. 207 LIBERTY STREET.

D. R. ECKER,

DEALER IN

CEMENT, FIRE BRICK AND TILE, STONE HEARTHS, WHITE LIME, CHIMNEY TOPS, And WATER PIPES.

Office and Warehouse, 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House.

BARR & MOSER,

ARCHITECTS,

FRUIT ASSOCIATION BUILDING, Nos. 3 and 4 ST. CLAIR STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA. special attention given to the designing and building of Court Houses and public buildings

THOSE WHO DESIRE BRILLIANCY OF COMPLEXION must purify and enrich the blood, which HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA invariably does. Ask for HELMBOLD'S. Take NO other. ap15:MWF

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞STRAWBERRIES.—Our crop of strawberries this season is very large and superior, and includes JUCUNDA, OUR NO. 700, WILSON, AUSTRALIAN, GOLIATH, TRIUMPH DE GAND, WILSON, etc. Families, Hotels, Restaurants and Dealers furnished on the most liberal terms. Shipments made to all points desired, in neat and fly A boxes or baskets. WILSON is the most desirable variety for canning, and the berries ripening first are the best for this purpose. Our EXHIBITION will be on the 2d and 3d of this month.

All orders left at either of our Market stands, or No. 137 LIBERTY STREET, will receive prompt attention.

je15:n68 J. KNOX.

☞HELMBOLD'S

Concentrated Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla

Eradicates ERUPTIVE and ULCERATIVE DISEASES of the THROAT, NOSE, EYES, EYELIDS, SCALP and SKIN,

Which so disfigure the appearance. PURGING the system of all corrupt and poisonous humors, taints, the remains of DISEASES, hereditary or otherwise, and is taken by ADULTS and CHILDREN with perfect safety.

TWO TABLE SPOONFULS of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the famous Hot Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoctions as usually made.

AN INTERESTING LETTER is published in the Medico-Chirurgical Review, on the subject of the Extract of Sarsaparilla in certain affections, by Ben amin Travers, F. R. S., &c. Speaking of the class of diseases arising from the excess of mercury he states that no remedy is equal to the Extract of Sarsaparilla; its power is almost always sure to burn any other drug if one is associated with. It is, in the strictest sense, a concentrated alterative, and is, therefore, that it is applicable to a state of the system so sunken, and yet so irritable as renders other substances of the toxic class wholly inadmissible.

HELMBOLD'S

CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA

Established upwards of 18 years. Prepared by

H. T. HELMBOLD,

Druggist and Chemist, 594 Broadway, N. Y.

Sold by all Druggists. ap15:MWF

NEW PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

A most exquisite, delicate, and Fragrant Perfume distilled from the rare and beautiful flower from which it takes its name.

Manufactured only by

PHALON & SON, New York.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER

☞DR. LUDLUM'S SPECIFIC,

The Great American Diuretic!

Affords immediate relief and effects permanent cures of all Urinary and Private Diseases in male and females, in shorter time than any remedy ever discovered. Price $1.00 per box. Sold by all Druggists.

JOHN D. PARK, General Agent,

ap29:y33-MWF CINCINNATI, O.

☞WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND

SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Tubs, Sheet Iron, Bridges, Sheet Pans, and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS.

Repairing done on the shortest notice, lat6:wf

☞ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

(Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,)

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Founders and Machinists, Pittsburgh,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office: No. 12 corner First and Smithfield Sts.

☞Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding boilers. ja21:r62

☞LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL & SMELTING WORKS.

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Bells Bottoms, Spoiler Solder. Also Importers and Dealers in Metals, Tin Plates and Sheet Iron, Wire. &c. Constantly on hand Tinners' Machines and Tools. WAREHOUSE, No. 140 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. de14:d-MWF

☞SOMETHING NEW.—CALL and examine the new

SILVER-TIPPED SHOES.

They will wear twice as long as those without tips. Kept only by

WM. E. SCHMERTZ,

No. 31 Fifth st., Pittsburgh.

☞QUINCY A. SCOTT,

DENTIST,

NO. 278 PENN STREET,

my26:r92 PITTSBURGH.

☞TO MARRY OR NOT TO MARRY: WHY SUFFER SO LONG for GENERAL OFFICE, second story Pittsburgh Savings Bank Building, corner Liberty street and Virgin alley, Pittsburgh. BLANK OFFICE BOOKS, No. 5 Liberty street, under Penn's R. R., opposite Monongahela House, manufactured to order. Designs furnished free of charge. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Address, for circular, F. F. W. C. R. R. Allegheny. All orders in my other above places will be promptly attended to. ja17:y36

MYERS, HOPPER & CO.,

[Successors to H. R. BULGER, Agent,]

MANUFACTURERS OF

FURNITURE

Of Every Description.

SCHOOL AND OFFICE FURNITURE.

No. 45 Smithfield Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞A full assortment of Pittsburgh Manufactured Furniture constantly on hand at LOWEST CASH PRICES.

WM. J. MYERS....WM. C. HOPPER....C. A. MYERS.

ma22:y68

Pittsburgh Importing House.

ESTABLISHED 1836.

SCHMIDT & FRIDAY,

IMPORTERS OF FOREIGN

WINES AND LIQUORS,

No. 409 Penn Street,

PITTSBURGH,

Would direct the attention of the public to the fact that, possessing superior facilities, they have several large wine and liquor houses in Europe, and making their importations direct, they are enabled to offer the various grades of choice Wines and Liquors at prices less than Eastern rates. Examination of qualities and comparison of prices respectfully

PH. R. MERTZ,

BANKER AND BROKER,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

Government Securities,

Gold, Silver,

And Coupons,

Bought and sold on liberal terms. Drafts sold on all the principal cities of Europe.

ALL SIZES 7 3-10 BONDS

Converted into 5-20's, 1865,

BONDS DELIVERED IMMEDIATELY.

JAS. T. BRADY & CO.,

Bankers,

Cor. Fourth & Wood Streets.

TO HOLDERS OF 7-30'S.

Having made special arrangements with **Jay Cooke & Co.,** our correspondents, we are prepared to convert 7-30's into 5-20's of 1865, without charge.

Bonds on Hand for Delivery.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

Bankers,

CORNER FOURTH AND SMITHFIELD STS.

jm14:38

SELL YOUR 7-30's

AND

BUY 5-20'S.

Holders of SEVEN THIRTIES will find an advantage of OVER ¾ OF ONE PER CENT. by converting in this plan.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

BANKERS,

COR. 4TH & SMITHFIELD STREETS.

ap24:57

7-30 BONDS

CONVERTED INTO

5-20 BONDS, 1865,

WITHOUT CHARGE.

Stocks bought and sold on commission in New York, Philadelphia and Boston.

ROBINSON BROS.,

No. 78 FOURTH STREET.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

TRI-WEEKLY AND DAILY.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, June 22, 1867

The New York stock quotations to-day, as received by Mr. P. S. Mertz, were as follows: Gold, 138¾; Eighty-one bonds, 112¾; Five Twenties, 1862, 105¾; Five Twenties, 1864, 106¾; Five Twenties, 1865, 107; 1865 Consols, 109¾; Seven Thirties, 106¼; Ten Forties, 101; Michigan Southern Railroad, 76¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 78½; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago, 98¼; Erie, 69⅝; Chicago and Northwestern, 35½; Chicago and Northwestern preferred 69¾; New York Central, 103½; Reading, 107⅜; Chicago and Rock Island, 94¾; Western Union Telegraph, 42¾; Gregory, 8.65; Wells, Colgrove & Co., 1.70; Quartz Hill, 1.40; Smith & Parmalee, 4.15.

Government securities are fairly active, with less demand from the interior. Five Twenties of 1865, Consols and 1864's have advanced; 1881's and Ten Forties are lower, and Seven Thirties steady. Capitalists who wish to invest will hold off for a few days until closer to the end of the month, when it is expected that there will be a general decline in all securities, which is, however, very doubtful, since there is an abundant amount of idle capital in the eastern cities.

Gold remained very firm all day at 138¾, with a good demand for any amounts that were offered. There is naturally no cause for an advance in gold, since our shipments of cotton have been heavy and the balance of trade is actually in our favor. With the prospects of larger exports however, imports have stimulated to a considerable extent, principally, goods which are manufactured here, but for which our home manufacturers can not compete with European operations and the cheaper raw materials. The stock market was quite excited, and there was a general advance on all the "clique" stocks and western through routes, except North Western, which did not participate in the advance.

The local money market works closer every day, and a liberal interest is offered for good paper that used to pass anywhere at legal interest.

Closing quotations received by James T. Brady:

U. S. Sixes, 1881	112¾
" 5-20's, 1862	110¾
" " 1864	106¾
" " 1865	107
" 10-40's	100
Current Funds	106¾
August 7-30's	106¾
June 7-30's	106¼
July 7-30's	106¼
Dec. Compounds, 1864	117
Silver	138½

—Rumors started last week in New York, which continue to be circulated, state that the Comptroller of the Currency is attempting to do away with the certifying of checks by the National banks, a practice which, indulged in rather recklessly, has of late involved some of these institutions in heavy losses. Some persons have questioned the authority of the Comptroller of the Currency to interfere in the matter, and some of the newspapers have condemning the attempt, provided such an idea is contemplated by the Comptroller. The *Financial Chronicle* objects to the Treasury Department "intruding itself into those parts of the domain of banking affairs, the management of which belongs to the stockholders and directors," and says that these money kings "ought to be the best judges as to what risks they ought to take and what risks they ought to refuse." Others predict that if the private control of the general business of the banks were interfered with the stronger and larger of the New York city banks would separate themselves from the National banking system, and reorganize under the recent law of the State of New York. In the absence of any official notification as to what has been done, or what is contemplated by the comptroller, any discussion of the matter is at present of practical value only to those who fear that the custom of certifying checks may be interfered with, and are assuming the negative in advance. The present practice of the banks in this regard certainly does possess advantages to the mercantile community, but it is equally true that incidentally the temptat on to speculate and liability to heavy loss is greatly increased.

The action of the banking law upon which the Comptroller is reported to rely for his authority to interfere in the habit of certifying checks is as follows, but how far it is intended to apply to that matter is at least doubtful:

Sec. 38. And be it further enacted, That the total liabilities to any association, of any person, or of any company, corporation or firm, for money borrowed, including the liabilities of the company or firm of which the president or cashier thereof shall at no time exceed one tenth part of the amount of the capital stock of such association paid in: Provided, that the discount of *bona fide* bills of exchange drawn against actually existing values, and the discount of commercial or business paper actually owned by the person or persons, corporation or firm negotiating the same shall not be considered as money borrowed.—*Baltimore Sun.*

—The Cincinnati *Gazette* observes:

The New Orleans defalcation and general financial muddle seems to become more complicated. On the one hand it is represented that the assets turned over by Mr. May, (the ex-Bank President and ex-Sub-Treasurer) turn out to be far less valuable than represented, particularly that a draft upon Mr. Unkes Ames for $4 9,000 is worthless. On the other hand, we have seen recent confidential letters from a prominent director of the bank, saying that it will pay its depositors *in full*, and of course the Government. And we know that parties intimately acquainted with the affairs of the bank bought up large amounts of the stock upon it, which frightened depositors in the height of the panic were willing to sell at heavy discounts. Northern business men will be glad to know that M. Sheridan and General Frank J. Herron who was represented as indebted to the bank for enormous amounts, and completely broken, has come out comparatively safe. The stories of his suspension were false (though he has retired from the cotton factorage business on account of his duties as United States Marshal) and he never was to have been in any way involved in the operations of May & Whitaker, who are both under arrest. The reported connection of Governor Flander, the new Governor whom Sheridan has given to Louisiana, with the defalcation, probably amounts to no more than this: He was the first President of the bank, and has since been one of its directors, and, doubtless was among the first to hear of the rumors which threw doubts his integrity. While Special Agent of the Treasury Department at New Orleans, with millions passing through his hands, he was often accused of arbitrary rulings, but never of dishonesty.

Thus far everything points to A. C. Graham, the predecessor of Mr. May in the Presidency of the bank, Mr. May himself, his relative, or Mr. Whitaker, and his partner, General Beauregard, as the sole parties concerned in the improper use of Government and bank funds. Possibly, Mr. A. S. Hamilton, the principal owner of the Robert E. Lee, part owner of the Magenta, and General Quitman, Miscellaneous speculator, and agent and reputed partner of Hon. Unkes Ames, of Massachusetts, may be involved.

—The New York *Tribune*, of Friday, says: The Banks of the Western Union Telegraph Company closed to-day for payment of a dividend of 2 per cent out of the earnings of the past six months and for the annual election of directors. The price at which this stock is selling, 58 to 60 is a comment given upon the attempt now by Wall street operators to depress values. Out of the earnings of the past twelve months 4 per cent. has been paid to stockholders, and properly improved to the extent of 3 per cent.

Chicago Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, June 22.—Flour is moderately active; Spring extras, $7.62½@10.75. Wheat is quiet, with sales of No 1 at $2.05@2.05; No. 2 at $1.76@1.81; closing at $1.79@1.80 for No 2. Corn is irregular and quiet, at 84¾@86c for No. 1, and 82@83 for No. 2. Oats quiet and steady at 61@62c for No 1. Barley is neglected. Provisions are dull. Mess Pork, $20.50. Lard dull at 11¾. Receipts—2,400 barrels flour; 70,000 bushels wheat; 161,000 bushels corn; 29,000 bushels oats; and 800 bushels barley. Shipments—3,700 barrels flour; 6,000 bushels wheat; 111,000 bushels corn, and 97,500 bushels oats.

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 138.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, June 22, 1867.

GOLD AND MONEY.

Money easy and steady at 5@7 for call, inside rate on governments. Sterling quiet at 9½@10¾ gold, for first class bills. Gold without any material change, opening at 138¾, closing 137¾@138. Total exports of specie to-day, $462,500.

GOVERNMENTS.

Governments are without any material change. Closing quotations: United states Sixes, '81, registered, 108½; do coupons, 112¾; do 5 20's registered, 105; do coupons '62, 110½; do '64, 106¾; do '65, 107; do new 105¾; 10-40's 100; 7 30's 106¾.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

5:30 P. M. prices—Ohio Certificates, 24@25; Canton, 45@45½; Boston Water Power, 20½@21; Cumberland Coal, 30@31; Quicksilver, 28¾@28¾; Mariposa, 7½@7¾; do preferred 19¾@20¾; Western Union Telegraph, 42¾@43; Pacific Mail, 138@140¾; Atlantic, 106¾@107; New York Central, 103½@103¾; Erie, 69⅝@69¾; do preferred, 87¾@88; Hudson, 139@139½; Reading, 107½@107¾; Michigan Central, 107½@108; Michigan Southern, 76@76½; Illinois Central, 125½@126; Pittsburgh, 78¾@78¾; Toledo, 112¾@113; Rock Island, 93¾@93¾; Northwestern, 35¼@35¾; do preferred, 69¾@70; Fort Wayne, 98¾@99¾.

BANK STATEMENT.

The *Express* says: The bank statement on Monday will show a decrease of two and a half millions in loans, three millions in specie, eight millions in deposits, and five millions in legal tenders.

SUB-TREASURY RECEIPTS.

The receipts at the Sub-Treasury were $5,065,596, including for customs $ 93,000, and gold notes $329 000. Payments, $2,324,655; balance, $132,129,745.

MINING STOCKS.

Mining shares higher; Corydon, 20; Gregory, 560; Quartz Hill, 140; Davidson, 115.

Cincinnati Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CINCINNATI, June 22.—Flour; firmer and more active; prices are 25 cents higher than they were yesterday for good grades; sound stock of fresh made very small sales; family $11,50@12.50; fancy $13,00@15,00. Wheat; firmer and 3@10 cents higher, closing at $2.75 for No. 1 Winter. Corn; unchanged and quiet at 75c. Oats; steady at 67@68c. Rye; dull and nominal; No. 1, $1,20. Whisky; steady at $2.20 in bond. Cotton; dull and prices nominal; middling 23½@23c. Mess pork; in moderate demand at $21 in bulk. Pork; unchanged and unsettled; shoulders, are held at 4¼c; sides, 9¾. There is a good demand for bacon—sides; sales of 300 hhds in lots at 13¾@12¾, for clear rib and clear, and demand for shoulders. Lard; dull at 10¾a small lot was procured at 11¾c but it was not offered to any extent below 12c. Butter and cheese unchanged. Eggs, 16c. Groceries firm and in good demand at full rates, especially sugar. Coal, $4.37½ buying and $4.88½ selling. No change in the money market. Receipts—8,100 bus. corn, 762 bbls. flour, 2,200 bus. oats, 110 bus. buckwheat and 777 bbls. whisky. Shipments—1,500 bags coffee, 171 bales cotton, 245 bbls. flour, 40 hhds. and 80 tierces bacon, 702 bus. wheat and 348 bbls. whisky.

Oswego Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

OSWEGO, June 22.—Flour dull, sales of 500 bbls at $11.50 for No. 1 spring, $12.50 for red winter, $13.50 for white, and $14 for double extra. Rye flour steady at $8.50. Wheat still and without material change; sales of No. 2 Milwaukee at $2.20 and 2,000 bu at private terms. Corn quiet and unchanged; No. 1 is held at $1. Oats, barley, rye and peas nominal. Cornmeal $2.75 per hundred pounds. Bolted mill feed scarce, shorts $22. Middlings $12 per ton. Canal freights dull, corn 7c, oats 5½c to New York; lumber $3.50 to the Hudson, and $4.25 to Newburg. Railroad freights—flour, to Boston, 25c; to Albany and Shenectady 50c; to New York, by rail and river 60c. Lake Imports—841,151 feet lumber. Canal Exports—16,250 bu corn, 795,967 feet lumber.

Buffalo Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BUFFALO, June 22.—Flour is dull and quotations no criterion of value; sellers make offers to suit buyers, which are nominally $10@11.50 for Spring; $12 for Amber; and $14@14.50 for white. Rye, $8.50. Wheat is dull with sales of 3,000 bushels. Corn is firm with sales of 20,000 bushels of No 2 western, early, at 72c; 240 bushels later at 83c; and 2,400 bushels No 1 western at 94@95c. Oats is nominal. Rye is unchanged. Barley sold at about $1,18 for Canadian. Mess Pork is quiet, at $21.75 for heavy, and $20.75 for light lard, 10¾@12½c. Highwines are unchanged. Receipts—Wheat, 35,000 bushels; corn, 60,000 bushels; oats, 10,000 bushels; flour, 1,500 barrels. Shipments—50,000 bushels corn.

New Orleans Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW ORLEANS, June 22.—Cotton dull; sales 600 bales low middlings, at 24c; receipts 736 bales; exports, 6,600 bales. Sugar and Molasses nominal and quiet. Corn dull, unsettled and firm; superfine, $10,50; treble extra, $15,50. Corn firm; yellow and mixed, 75@80c; white 80c. Oats firm; at 65c. Whisky steady but dull, at $23 for mess. Bacon steady; shoulders 10@10½c; ribs 13½c; clear 13c. Whisky at 23½@25, for the latter west of the lake. Coffee 23@25c for fair to prime Rio. Gold 138. Sterling exchange 141½@142½. New York sight ¼ prem @ par.

Baltimore Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BALTIMORE, June 22.—Flour quiet and drooping; the demand is nearly retail. Wheat declining; choice Maryland red $2,50; prime do., $2,40; good do., $2,35. Corn in good demand and advanced 2c. Oats steady at 76c. Rye $1,42@1,45. Sugar firm; fair to good refining 12½@12¾c. Provisions steady. Bulk meats in good demand; 9c for shoulders; 10½@11c for sides. Mess Pork $22.50. Lard dull, at 12½c for city, and 12¾@13c for Western. Whisky—nothing doing.

Milwaukee Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MILWAUKEE, June 22.—Flour firmer; city double extra $10,00@11,00; single extra $9,75; extra $8,75@9,00. Wheat steady at $2,13 for No. 1; $1,97 for No. 2; $1,65 for No. 3, and $1,31 for rejected. Corn active at 69 for No. 2. Corn active at 84@85 for No. 1. Receipts, 200 barrels of flour; 12,000 bushels of wheat; 2,000 do corn; 1,800 oats. Shipments, 600 barrels of flour; 13,000 bushels of wheat; 100 do oats.

Louisville Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

LOUISVILLE, June 22.—Tobacco; sales 123 hhds, at $2,85@20 for Virginia bright leaf. Superfine Flour, at $9,00. Nominal. Corn, at 80@85c for shelled delivered. Oats, at 70@75c delivered. Rye, at $1,40. Sugar; refined advanced ¼c. Whisky, 22c for 45 gal. Bacon shoulders, 9½c, packed; clear sides, at 12½c; plain hams, at 15½c. Lard, at 12c in tierces. Whisky, at $2, 30 for raw in bond.

Philadelphia Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

PHILADELPHIA, June 22.—Flour dull; superfine at $8,50@9,00; extra, $9,50@10,00; family and Shenectady $10,00@11,00; Rye flour, $8,50 per bush at $2@2,25. Rye $1,40. Corn quiet at $1,06. Oats steady at 80c. Provisions declining. Coffee dull. Sugar and Molasses have an advancing tendency. Whisky in bond $2,30.

New York Dry Goods Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, June 22.—Dry Goods dull and steady. Sheetings 10½@15c. Bleached Muslins unchanged. Brown Cottons 12½@15c; low makes nominal. Corset Jeans a shade easier; Amoskeag, 17½c. Prints steady and in fair request.

Chicago Cattle Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CHICAGO, June 22.—Best cattle are dull at $8@8,50 for the best. Hogs are fairly active at $5,60@5,80 for good to choice. Sheep are dull and nominal.

Memphis Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MEMPHIS, June 22.—Receipts of Cotton, 48 bales; exports, 750 bales; market very dull and prices unchanged. Other markets unchanged.

Toledo Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

TOLEDO, June 22.—Flour quiet. Wheat unchanged. Corn 57@58 better; sales of No 1 at 91@92c; No 2, 86c. Oats 1c better, at 67c for No 1.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R., June 22.—100 bbls flour, A Wood; 22c do do, owner; 50 do, M McGuff ugh jr & Co; 28 sacks sugar, McCullough, Snull & Co; 15 do rye whisky, Knox & Orr, 10 do do, Means & Coffin; 24 do do, Arbuckles & Co; 10 do do, Jas Mills & Son; 11 tons cheese, Goff & Mountsmith; 8 bdls sheet iron, J P Jones; 10 kegs cheese, Kirkpatrick & Herron; 1 car roofing slate, Pen's Parry; 5 sacks rags Godfrey & Clark; 32 boxes cheese, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 10 do do, Means & Coffin; 10 do do, Jas Connor; 5 do do, Means & Harper; 10 do do, E H Myers & Co; 20 do do, J S Dilworth & Co; 50 do do, Sturgeon & Sibley; 8 do do, Moye & Co; 100 boxs rye, 32 do corn, 100 bbls flour, Dan Wasser; 3 bbls potatoes, T G Frederger; 15 sacks flour, A Harrison; 100 bbls flour, the house is a two-story brick of four rooms. The lot is unincumbered. Terms cash. Possession given on the first day of July next.

S. CHANDLER,
SAMUEL BOYCE,
Executors.

jel5:a86

IN THE MATTER OF THE vacation of a private alley in the Second Ward, Allegheny between lots 28 and 27, Rosa Vista Extension, running from Ohio to Arch avenue. No. 20, Miscellaneous Docket. March sessions, 1867.

ORDER OF COURT.

And now, June 1st, 1867, the within petition presented in open Court by Mr. A. G. Scherer, Solicitors for Joseph Meyers and the petitioners, and rule granted upon all parties desiring to be heard to show cause, on or before the 20th day of June, 1867, why the private alley therein mentioned shall not be closed up and vacated; this rule to be published twice a week in the Pittsburgh DAILY GAZETTE for four weeks.

BY THE COURT.

From the Record
Attest: J. G. BROWN, Clerk. je3:a27:3 TH

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary to the estate of ROBERT McAFEE, late of Tempperanceville, Allegheny county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will pay the same, and those having claims against it will present the same, duly authenticated for settlement, in the Borough of Temperanceville.

MRS. MARGARET McAFEE,
Executrix.

je13:z91

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration having been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of WM. DUNCAN ALLEN, late of the Township of Penn, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate will make payment, and all who have claims against the same will present them, duly authenticated, to the subscriber, at his office, No. 7 Fifth street, near St. Clair, Pittsburgh.

J. DONALDSON, Administrator.

je14:a86

DR. J. A. HERRON

HAS REMOVED

His Office and Residence to

No. 14 SMITHFIELD ST.,

Nearly opposite the Monongahela House.

my10:z15

BOOTS AND SHOES.

COOPER, FIELDING.....JOHN FIELDING

C. FIELDING & BRO.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Custom Made

BOOTS, SHOES & GAITERS,

No. 140 Ohio St., Allegheny.

Repairing promptly executed on the shortest notice.

PRIVATE DISEASES.

Office—453½ PENN STREET, near Hand.

For the cure of all diseases of a private nature, in from two to four days, by an entirely new and safe treatment. Also, nervous weakness, and all other diseases of the genital organs and their prevention.

Cure warranted or money refunded.

Office hours—7 to 10 a. m.; 1 to 3 and 6 to 8 p. m. Address letters, Box 97, P. O. 453½ Penn street.

CHOICE BEDDING PLANTS.

A very large stock of

Roses, Geraniums, Verbenas, &c.,

In bloom, at the Oakland Greenhouses.

JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH.

Send for a catalogue. my13:6d

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, June 22, 1867.

The general markets have been dull and unsettled during the past week, and it is not probable that their will be any improvement until after harvest. Operations in produce, generally, are very much restricted, and as prices have declined considerably; and the tendency is still downward, buyers, particularly of Flour and Grain, are buying very sparingly, and herein is the cause of the licht volume of business. The stringency in money matters as well as the unsettled condition of the markets throughout the country, have almost entirely squelched anything like a speculative feeling, and, as a consequence, we have but very few round lot operations to record.

GRAIN—There is no improvement to note in Wheat. Oats a shade firmer but unchanged—65@66c, on track, and 68@70c, in store. Corn is dull but unchanged; prime Yellow may be quoted at 85@90c. Rye is in fair supply and unchanged—1,20@1,25—sale of 200 bush at $1.25. Barley may be quoted at $1@ $1,05 for Spring.

—Since the above was put in type, we have sales of 8 cars of Oats, in elevator, at 62@64c, free on board cars, and 200 bush prime Yellow Corn, in elevator, at 90c.

FLOUR—There is no improvement to note in the demand, and the market continues dull, and prices unsettled and drooping. We now quote at $11@11,50 for Spring Wheat; $12 for choice do; $12,50@13 for Winter Wheat, and $15,50@17 for fancy brands. We can report sales of "Smoky City" at $11,60; "Iron City" at $11,75; "Milwaukee" at $11, and "City Mills of Springfield" at $12,50. Rye Flour dull and lower—$8@8,25, in store.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is quiet and unchanged. We quote Shoulders at 9½@9¾c; Ribbed Sides at 11¼@11¾; Clear do, 12½, and Canvassed Sugar Cured Hams at 16@16½c. Lard dull at 12½@13c. Mess Pork dull and nominal at $22,50@23.

POTATOES—In good supply, dull and drooping; we now quote Peach Blows at $1,05 @$1,10 per bush, on track, and $1,15@1,20 for small lots in store.

EGGS—Dull, the supply being somewhat in excess of the demand, but fresh packed are still held at 20.

BUTTER—Prime fresh Butter is in fair demand and in limited supply; small sales at 17@ 18c. Common packed is very dull and hard to sell at any price.

CHEESE—Is in good supply and dull but unchanged; we quote at 14@15c, according to quality.

OIL—F. Sellers & Co. report Lard Oil at 80c for No. 2, and $1,04@1,05 for No. 1.

DRIED FRUIT—To use a common phrase, is pretty nearly played out for this season, and it is probable that holders would accept very low figures in order to effect a sale of any magnitude.

SEEDS—There is little or no inquiry for Clover or Timothy, and there is but little Flaxseed offering. The latter may be quoted at $3.

BEANS—Scarce and in demand; prime small White are selling in store, at $3,25@3,50 per bushel.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, June 22, 1867.

CRUDE—The market has been pretty active during the past week, and while the operations have been unusually large in the aggregate, the movement has been almost entirely speculative, and fully three-fourths of the sales were for future delivery—mainly for 1868, buyers option. The extremely low prices, together with the fact that the impression begins to gain ground that the bottom has been nearly reached, is beginning to strengthen the market, and there seems to be more buyers for 1868 than sellers at the ruling price, 12½. One party of capitalists represen ing a capital, it is said, of over three millions of dollars, have been buying largely for 1868 and this section, it is said, will take out of the market, for the present, a large quantity of oil, and this, if correct, will have a tendency to impart a little more strength to the trade. Spot oil is dull, though there is but little offering. We can report a sale of 300 bbls, in bulk on spot, at 4; and 3000 bbls for all 1868, buyer's optain, at 12½.

REFINED—There was, apparently, a little firmer feeli g manifested to-day in the market for bonded oil, which may be attributed partly to the more favorable character of the advices from Antwerp—a cable telegram to-day quoting at 28¼ francs, against 37¾ yesterday. As a matter of course, this slight advance of itself, in reality, amounts to nothing, and unless followed up, will have no effect on our markets in this country; but, if there should happen to be a still further advance, it will go far towards showing that the bottom has been reached, and this once established, will have a tendency to strengthen the trade materially, and bring about, it is hoped, a better state of affairs. It is not likely however, judging from present indications, that oil will command a big price this year; but, it is not unreasonable to predict that there will be an advance over the rates now prevailing. We have but a single sale reported to-day, 1000 barrels standard white, 300 each for October and November, at 26c, delivered in Philadelphia. June delivery may be quoted at 21½c; July, 22c, and August, 23c.

RECEIPTS.

Total Receipts for the week	1,005
Total Receipts last week	5,959
Total receipts since Jan. 1	631,141
Total Receipts same time 1866	406,632

SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Dilworth & Bro, 309 bbls ref, to F A Dilworth Philia; H Koeeler & Co, 169 do do, to Waring, King & Co, Philia; J Meyer & Co; 130 do do, to Waring, King & Co, Philia; Clark & Sumner, 168 do do, to P Wright & Sons, Philia; Liberty Oil Co, 22 do do, to Brewer, Burke & Co, Philia; Braun & Wagner, 278 do do, to Waring, King & Co, Philia; Aladdin Oil Co, 285 do do, to Pack, Bro & Co, Philia; Montzheimer, Koehler & Co, 341 do do, to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Waring & King, 60 bbls ref, to Waring, King & Co, Philia; Sterling Oil Ref Co, 353 do do to W P Logan & Bro, Philia.

New York Produce Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, June 22.—Cotton a shade firmer; sales of 1,400 bales, uplands, at 26¼c. Flour 20@30c better and more active with a fair inquiry, part speculative; receipts of 974 bbls; sales of 18,700 bbls, superfine State western, at $7,85@8,15; extra western, $8,75@9,75; choice, $10,20@11,70; Ohio, $10@ $10,90; trade brands, $11@12,25; spring St. Louis, $8,15@11; winter, $11,50@12,50. Canadian active and higher—sales of 2,700 bbls at $11 @12,50. Rye flour—moderate request; sales of 250 bbls at $8,50@9,00. Whisky steady; sales of 160 bbls western, in bond, at $2,35¼; and 300 bbls State, in bond, at $2,40. Wheat 2@3c higher, afterward unsettled; no decided change. Corn 2@3c better; sales of 43,000 bus No 2 Milwaukee at $2@2,18; white California, $2,00@2,05. Rye quoted dull at $1,40@1,41. Barley dull. Malt nominal. Corn 1@2c better; receipts, 26,500 bus; sales chiefly home use; 110,000 bus new mixed western, at $1,10@1,11; white western at $1,07@ $1,10. Oats 1c better; receipts 11,120 bus; sales 13,000 bush; western 78@80c; Canada 81@c; southern 85c; Ohio 87@88c. Beef quiet. Pork firm; foreign dull. Leather; sole firm, in good demand and unchanged. Wool dull and unchanged; sales of 250,000 pounds; domestic fleece 45@65c; super pulled 46@50c; extra 50@55c. Rice dull. Coffee quiet. Sugar firm; sales of 600 hhds at 10¾@11¾c. Molasses dull. Hops quiet. Petroleum dull; crude 26½c; refined in bond 22c, Pratt's former; sales of 3,250 barrels, at $0,35@21 29 for new mess, closing at $1,20, regular; and $20@20,25 for old mess. Beef firm; sales 250 barrels at previous prices. Lard firm; quiet. Butter and cheese unchanged. Eggs, 16c. Groceries firm and in good demand at full rates, especially sugar. Coal, $4,37½ buying and $4,88½ selling. No change in the money market. Receipts—8,100 bus. corn, 762 bbls. flour, 2,200 bus. oats, 110 bus. buckwheat and 777 bbls. whisky. Shipments—1,500 bags coffee, 171 bales cotton, 245 bbls. flour, 40 hhds. and 80 tierces bacon, 702 bus. wheat and 348 bbls. whisky.

Weekly Review of the New York Wholesale Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, June 22.—Flour excited and variable, having declined 50@75c up to Thursday, since which there has been more steadiness and a partial recovery. Less favorable accounts of the Southern wheat crop have stimulated speculative inquiry. Rye Flour has recovered most of the decline of the early part of the week. Wheat declined 15@20c previous to Thursday, since advanced 20c, closing with an upward tendency; the week much reduced, especially sound Spring. Rye freely offered at a decline of 20c; closes heavy. Oats active with largely speculative prices advanced 7@8c. Corn in active request at very variable rates; stock of sound much reduced and very little old; price nominal at the close of the market and strong. Pork, early in the week declined about $1, since then much of the decline has recovered under a brisk local and speculative demand; closes very firm. Beef improved; light receipts and a reduced stock; closes strong. Cut Meats easier with a moderate inquiry. Bacon active, chiefly for export; stock much reduced. Lard declined, and closed tame. Tallow active and improved eighth-ly. Coffee firm with a fair business; prime Rio scarce and quoted at 19¼@19¾, gold. Molasses; prime steady; others dull and rather heavy at 65@70c. Petroleum lower, closing nearly at the decline had recovered. Rice quiet and firm. Sugar in active demand and prices higher; fair to good refining 11¾@11¾c; refined higher, at 13¾@16½c. Whisky unsettled, with a fair business; holders firm and generally demand an advance, closing moderately active at $2,35@2,37 for western bonded, most of the transactions being at $2,35. Wool nominal and no revival looked for till a revival in the dry goods market.

St. Louis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, June 22.—Tobacco not so active, but prices are well sustained. Cotton dull at 24c. Flour inactive; extra, $10,00@11,00; double extra, $14,00@15,50. Wheat; nothing doing in spring; fair fall, $2,30. Corn; prime and choice white little better, and medium and low grades are dull and unchanged in prices, at 68@85c. Oats firm at 67@68c. Rye firm at $1,10¼. Mess Pork lower, at $21. Bacon; 9¾@9¾c for shoulders; 11¾c for rib sides, and 12¾@13¾c for clear sides.

PITTSBURGH ROPE WORKS.

FULTON, BOLLMAN & CO.,

Manufacture the best

CORDAGE,

OAKUM,

AND

TWINES, in every variety.

Warehouse, 114 & 115 Water St.

Call or send for Circular. ap1:p48

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to recede slowly at this point with about thirty-two inches in the channel by the Monongahela marks last evening. The weather yesterday was very hot in the sun; at times it clouded up and looked like rain.

The Leclaire, from Parkersburg, and the Belle, from Cincinnati, have arrived, and, we presume, they will both take their departure again to-day.

The Armadillo and Wild Duck succeeded in getting over Glass House on Saturday, and it was thought they would have no further trouble.

The Importer is enroute from St. Louis to Pittsburgh with a good trip, including six hundred tons of iron ore. The Great Republic left St. Louis on Thursday for New Orleans.

A HEARTLESS HOAX.—Some thoughtless scamp started the report yesterday that the steamer Peoria City, which left the landing yesterday morning with four or five hundred Sunday school scholars and teachers on board, and on a pleasure excursion to some point on the Aliton, had struck a raft and sunk at Bissell's Point. The rumor spread over the city with great rapidity, causing intense anxiety among the parents of the children; but there was no truth in the report. The boat returned without meeting with any serious accident.—*Saint Louis Democrat.*

LIABILITY OF STEAMBOATS.—The following interesting case recently came off before the Superior Court in Cincinnati. By the decision it will be seen that steamboats are liable for goods carried C. O. D.:

Flournoy & Co. vs. R. M. Thompson, et al., owners of the steamboat Masonic Ben. The plaintiffs, who are merchants of Paducah, Ky., say they shipped on board the steamer Masonic Ben, goods to be delivered to various parties on the Tennessee river upon payment of charges, amounting in all to $1,650; that the goods were never returned to the plaintiff nor their value rendered. The defense was a denial of the liability for the return of the money, as in case of goods marked C. O. D. and carried by an express company. They claimed that it was a mere matter of accommodation on the part of the clerk to receive the money from the customers of Flournoy & Co., and return it. The jury returned a verdict for the plaintiffs of $1,000 55.

The Dubuque *Times* announces a race between the Milwaukee and Davenport, from St. Paul to that port, in which the former proved victorious by 15 minutes. The 200 miles down stream was made in 23 hours, which time the journal pronounces the fastest on record. That speed may be fast for that portion of the country, but it will not do elsewhere. The E. E. Lee has just made 250 miles up stream in 16 hours 37½ minutes. The Telegraph made the run from Cincinnati to Louisville on Friday in 9 hours and 32 minutes, a distance of 180 miles.

The body of Cornelius, chief engineer of the illfated City Bridge, has been found. Bodies of the victims are being taken out of river every day, and it is now confidently asserted that the loss of life will not be less than thirty.

Capt. John T. Shirly, a well-known steamboatman is about to take command of a boat in the Memphis and New Orleans trade.

The Wm. White, recently caught in Green river by the breaking of the Rochester locks, succeeded in effecting an escape from her unpleasant situation by building a coffer dam.

The Mepham Bros., of St. Louis, are having the hull of the Osborn made into a magnificent wharf boat, similar to the one now occupied by the Memphis packet company, which they will locate in three or four weeks, at the foot of Vine street.

The Memphis *Avalanche* of Tuesday has the following in reference to the storm it visited that section: "About forty miles above this city the storm was much ruder than here, and the new growth is prostrated. The City of Aston left it's hand her only feather. The City of Aston left it's hand her only feather, her bush as she passed from under. The Henry Clay and St. Charles, both bound for New Orleans, were not so fortunate, and, apprehensive of disaster, sought shelter and shore, where they remained until the storm was over. We have not heard that any damage was sustained, although it is remarkable that no violent a tornado should have been attended with so little loss of life."

We learn that a meeting of safety valve inspectors is to be held at Chicago in July, when the question will be further considered, and an appeal will probably be made to Congress at the July session. Most of the best informed steamboatmen are opposed to forced measures in the adoption of new fangled inventions.

The low-boat Alpe, now enroute from New Orleans to Pittsburgh, disabled the machinery of one of her engines below Memphis. She yet has power of one side with a remaining engine to propel herself and one barge.

The steamer Argonaut has entered the trade embracing in points between Louisville and Columbus, commencing at the latter place with the Mobile & Ohio Railroad, and the steamers Quitman and Lee.

The Louisville *Democrat* says: The passengers of the Belle Lee were compelled to stay in their berths during her fast trip from Memphis to Cairo. When they got to Cairo they were sick, cold and hungry. How are you, Railroad?

Two Pittsburgh boats, the Yorktown and Amelia Poe, reached Fort Benton on the 11th. The Yorktown left next day on her return.

The Cincinnati and Pomeroy Packet Company have chartered the Columbia to run in the line as a low water boat this season. She is now on the docks for repairs.

The Cincinnati *Commercial*, of Friday, says: The Ezr. Porter takes 200 sks of corn and a lot of bacon to Vicksburg, for the Southern poor. The steamer Kenner and Kenton arrived at New Orleans Tuesday. The Southboat W. H. Brown, passed up yesterday with two empty barges in tow, four of them being model barges. The Young King is the fever yesterday was duller than at any time this season. The Ida Rees left the wharf for the honeymoon grand tour, where she will lay up until business looks better.

The following named boats were in port at Cincinnati on Thursday last:

Lawrence, J. H. Groesbeck, Swallow, Nightingale, Ida Rees, Era 5, Porter, Wauseon, New York, Shamrock, Charmer, Potomac, Silver Moon, Spray, Columbia, Leonidas, Cazelia, Liberty No 4, Silver Spray, Blue Wing No 3, W. A. Caldwell, Gen. Lytle, Mary Ament, Mary Ewin, Tahlequah, Falcon, Emma No. 3, Scorpion, Peerless, Fire King, C. E. Hillman, Messenger, Rob Roy, Robt Burton, Sam Parker, Mattie Roberts